

# *Contents*

Preface	<i>ix</i>
Introduction	<i>1</i>
1. The Stakes of the Controversy	<i>9</i>
2. Habermas among the Historians	<i>34</i>
3. A Holocaust like the Others? Problems of Comparative History	<i>66</i>
4. German History as Case History	<i>100</i>
5. A Usable Past? Museums, Memory, and Identity	<i>121</i>
Epilogue: Whose Holocaust? Whose History?	<i>160</i>
Notes	<i>175</i>
Index	<i>219</i>

# Index

- Abendroth, Wolfgang, 28  
Abraham, David, 119  
Action Française, 26, 27, 85  
Adenauer, Konrad, 6, 15, 80, 143, 144  
Adorno, Theodor, 39, 58, 139, 171  
Akhmatova, Anna, 81  
*Alltagsgeschichte* (history of everyday life),  
36–37, 94, 119, 122, 149  
*Annales*, 105  
*Anschluss*, 145, 163  
Anthropology, cultural, 118–119, 142, 155  
Anticommunism, 45, 154  
Antifascism, 45, 154  
Anti-Semitism, 23, 97, 149; of left, 7, 46;  
roots of, 17, 29, 31, 49, 73; and fascism, 85,  
89, 91, 95; in different countries, 204n38  
Arendt, Hannah, 69, 79, 80, 84, 135  
Aristotle, 84  
Armenians, massacre of, 16, 29, 52, 66, 67,  
72–73, 76, 165, 192n27  
Aron, Raymond, 51, 78, 84  
Auden, W. H., “September 1, 1939,” 100  
Augstein, Rudolf, 50, 51  
Auschwitz, 29, 45, 53, 77, 87, 95, 97, 125, 135,  
168, 170; and historical comparisons, 1, 2,  
16, 18, 30, 31, 32, 50, 52, 68–69, 72, 75, 78, 82,  
83, 98; legacy of, 55–56, 58, 59; understand-  
ing of, 92. *See also* Genocide; Holocaust  
Austria, 7, 145, 162–163, 215n9  
Authoritarianism, 101, 109, 110, 111, 112  
Babi Yar, shootings at, 75  
Barbie, Klaus, 7, 163, 164  
Baring, Arnulf, 129, 132  
Battle of the Bulge, 22  
Beard, Charles, 36  
Becker, Boris, 144  
Beirut, 75  
Bender, Peter, 117  
Benjamin, Walter, 99, 169, 171; *The Origin of  
German Tragic Drama*, 159  
Bergen-Belsen, concentration camp, 11, 57  
Berlin: proposed museum in, 4, 38, 137;  
Free University of, 88; political life in, 111;  
750th anniversary of, 148  
Berlin Wall, 61, 144  
Bethmann Hollweg, Theobald von, 157  
Beveridge Plan, 96  
Biedermeier era, 109  
Bielefeld historians, 36, 129, 146  
Bismarck, Otto Leopold von, 28, 109, 116,  
119, 131, 138, 140, 156, 157; unification  
under, 6, 106, 110; and cooperation with  
Russia, 24; biography of, 34, 148; and  
modernization from above, 45, 117; con-  
stitution of, 117; *Kleindeutschland* of, 143  
Bitburg, 9–16, 50, 56, 57, 61, 90  
Bizone, 7  
Blackbourn, David, 105, 202n21  
Black Hundreds (Russia), 73  
Bloch, Marc, 70, 84, 111  
Boehme, Heinrich, 35  
Bolshevism, 31, 52, 57, 117; and fascism, 27,  
30, 47, 49, 86; fear of, 67, 68, 73, 101  
Bombings, 16, 59, 66  
Bonapartism, 88, 89, 119  
Bonn. *See* Federal Republic of Germany  
Boockmann, Hartmut, 127, 128, 136  
Borchardt, Knut, 37–38  
Bracher, Karl Dietrich, 84–85, 87, 90, 93,  
149; *Die deutsche Diktatur* (*The German  
Dictatorship*), 87, 100–101; *Die Auflösung  
der Weimarer Republik* (*The dissolution of  
the Weimar Republic*), 101; *Die National-  
sozialistische Machtergreifung* (*The Na-  
tional Socialist seizure of power*), 101

- Brandt, Willy, 6, 28, 61, 126, 143  
 Brezhnev, Leonid, 35  
 Broszat, Martin, 17, 18, 19, 25, 47, 52; and  
 historicization, 91, 92, 93, 94, 96, 101  
 Brüning, Heinrich, 37  
 Bukharin, Nikolai, 149  
 Burckhardt, Jakob, 110  
 Burt, Richard, 12
- Cambodia, 72, 192n26. *See also* Khmer  
 Rouge  
 Camus, Albert, 51  
 Capitalism, 24, 27, 36, 58, 87, 107, 166; and  
 fascism, 88, 90, 91, 109. *See also* Organized  
 capitalism  
 Carter, Jimmy, 61  
 CDU. *See* Christian Democratic Union  
 Central Europe, 3, 23–24, 45, 130, 136, 139.  
*See also* *Mitteleuropa*  
 Character, national, 155–156. *See also* Iden-  
 tity, national  
 Chelmno (Kulm), extermination center, 75  
 Christian Democratic Union (CDU), 10, 11,  
 50, 56, 117, 124, 161  
 Churchill, Winston, 20  
 Civilization, European, 102–103  
 Clausewitz, Karl von, 119, 158  
 Cold War, 5, 8, 19, 21, 28, 47, 71, 117  
 Collingwood, R. G., 98  
 Common Market, 8  
 Communism: and fascism, 27, 68, 71, 161;  
 and Nazism, 78, 94; opposition to, 93, 154  
 Communist Party, 21, 125  
 Comparison, historical, 1, 3, 18, 31–32, 54,  
 67–71, 82–84, 98–99, 191n16. *See also* His-  
 tory: comparative  
 Concentration camps, 56, 79, 81, 125; and  
 Nazi troops, 10–11, 21–22; Nazi vs.  
 Soviet, 30, 31, 32, 52, 53, 68–69, 78, 83, 86,  
 166; death toll in, 73–74, 75  
 Conquest, Robert, 74  
 Constitutionalism. *See* Democracy  
 Constitutional patriotism. *See* *Verfassungs-  
 patriotism*  
 Conze, Werner, 35  
*Cosmopolitanism*, 141  
 Crèvecoeur, M. G. Jean de (Hector St.  
 John), 151  
 Crimean Tatars, 16, 75  
 Crimes, Nazi, 7, 14, 16, 74–75, 90, 153, 165;  
 and Soviet crimes, 46, 52–56, 69, 74–75,  
 77–78; uniqueness of, 50, 53, 54, 55, 57, 66,  
 82; and German culture, 52, 59; and Fed-  
 eral Republic, 55. *See also* Holocaust  
*Criticon*, 148  
 Croce, Benedetto, 98
- Dahrendorf, Ralph, 105, 108; *Society and De-  
 mocracy in Germany*, 104  
 D-Day commemoration (1984), 10  
 Decisionism, 156–158  
 Demjanjuk, John, trial of, 7  
 Democracy, 27, 37–38, 63, 81, 85, 103, 169; in  
 England, 104, 105; in Germany, 104, 112;  
 and landlord power, 110; interwar chal-  
 lenge to, 130; Western, 137, 145, 146, 161,  
 170; fascist critique of, 158; spread of, 168  
 Derrida, Jacques, 42, 170  
*Der Spiegel*, 50, 132  
 Deutsche Demokratische Republik (DDR),  
 49. *See also* German Democratic Republic  
 Dictatorship, 17, 31, 84, 85, 88, 161. *See also*  
 Hitler, Adolf; Stalin, Joseph  
*Die Welt*, 51  
*Die Zeit*, 133, 152  
 Dilthey, Wilhelm, 42, 98  
 Diner, Dan, 8, 91, 92, 94  
 Diwald, Helmut, 148  
 Drancy, French Jewish detention center, 68  
 Dregger, Alfred, 11, 56, 102  
 Dresden, bombing of, 16, 50, 66  
 Droysen, Johann Gustav, 25  
 Duve, Freimut, 135, 137
- East Germany. *See* German Democratic Re-  
 public  
 East Prussia, defense of, 19–23, 42  
 Eichberg, Henning, *National Identity*, 148  
*Einsatzgruppen* (SS killing squads), 70  
 Eley, Geoff, 105  
 Emancipation, concept of, 26, 150, 178–  
 179n26, 212n65  
 Engels, Friedrich, 25, 46, 87, 103, 114  
 Enlightenment, 12, 39–40, 41, 42, 48, 54,  
 60, 71, 72, 73, 103, 141  
 Erikson, Erik, 157  
*Erkenntnisinteresse* (cognitive stake or “in-  
 terest”), 40. *See also* Habermas, Jürgen  
 Euthanasia, 69, 94  
 Extraparliamentary Opposition (APO), 35,  
 85, 88

- Fascism, 3, 25–27, 98; epoch of, 17, 68; Italian, 18, 25–26, 84, 85, 89, 130, 195n56; French, 25; German, 25, 51, 84, 89, 101, 125; and Marxism, 26, 46, 87; and transcendence, 26–27, 86, 87; and Zionism, 29; fear of, 84–91; theory of, 84–91, 107; and radical conservatism, 86, 87; and modernization, 104; opposition to, 154; and memory, 161–162. *See also* Marxism; Nolte, Ernst; Totalitarianism
- Fassbinder, Rainer, 7, 46
- Faurisson, Robert, 162, 190n11
- Febvre, Lucien, 142
- Federal Republic of Germany (West Germany), 1–3; conservatives in, 3, 6, 16–17, 18, 19, 24, 32, 59, 138, 143, 170; scholarly debates in, 4–5, 32–33, 34–65; national existence of, 5–6; relation to East Germany, 6, 85, 143–144, 148; left wing in, 6–7, 32–33, 45, 47, 48, 90–91, 158; economics in, 7–8, 37; and responsibility, 15; left-wing student movement in (1960s), 27, 48, 87–88, 90, 154; and American political culture, 39–40; neoconservatism in, 40, 46, 47, 48, 50, 51, 132, 133, 147, 154, 170, 171; and NATO, 45, 48, 49, 51, 142–143, 145; Social Democrats in, 48, 80, 88, 146, 147; and Great Britain, 105; museums in, 123–139; and German history, 139, 143, 147; absence of Jews in, 166–167; Greens in, 167; political analogies in, 168. *See also* Historians; Identity, national
- Fest, Joachim, 30–31, 49, 51–54, 60, 71, 83, 91; on Nazi fear of Bolshevism, 30, 31, 49, 68; *The Face of the Third Reich*, 30, 51; and Habermas, 30, 51, 63; on German vs. Russian camps, 67, 76; on museum controversy, 122
- Fetscher, Iring, 88
- Fichte, Johann, 140
- Final Solution. *See* Holocaust
- Fischer, Fritz, 4, 24, 34, 35, 51, 106, 107
- Foucault, Michel, 42, 170
- Foundation for Science and Policy (Stiftung Wissenschaft und Politik), Ebenhausen, 43
- France: collaboration in, 7, 162, 163–164; and Germany, 25, 92, 103, 105, 108, 116, 120, 145, 146, 163; liberalism in, 103; political parties in, 112–113; enemies of, 116; museums in, 123; and Gaullism, 162; theorists of, 171, 172
- Frank, Anne, 22
- Franke, Senator (Bremen), 133
- Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung, 17, 29, 46, 51, 56, 60, 133
- Frankfurt school, 39, 43, 88
- Frederick the Great, 116, 141, 148
- French Revolution, 102, 109, 141
- Freud, Sigmund, 42
- Friedländer, Saul, 91–92, 94, 95, 149, 162
- Friedrich Ebert Foundation, 134, 135, 136
- Gadamer, Hans-Georg, 42–43
- Gall, Lothar, biography of Bismarck, 34
- Geiss, Immanuel, 35, 51
- Geisteswissenschaften. *See* Social sciences
- Genocide, 1, 11, 51, 55, 98, 122, 131; of Armenians by Turks, 16, 29, 52, 66, 67, 71, 72–73; distinctions in, 30, 53, 54, 69, 71–84, 166; Nazi, and Hitler, 95, 97; memorials of, 165, 166
- German Democratic Republic (GDR), 6, 28, 35, 88, 89, 124–125, 126, 143, 148
- German Historical Congress: Berlin (1984), 127; Trier (1986), 135
- German Historical Institute (London), 38, 54, 56
- German Historical Museum (Deutsches Historisches Museum, Berlin), 121, 127, 133; Concept (*Konzeption*) for, 122, 128–139, 147; criticism of, 132, 133
- German Labor Front (DAF), 96
- German National Museum (Nuremberg), 123
- Germany: historians of, 1–5, 24, 34–65; imperialism of, 4, 34, 106, 110; unification of, under Bismarck, 8, 106, 110; history of, 15, 24, 65, 72, 100–120, 129; division of, 20–21, 27, 85; Resistance movement in, 22, 32; and Great Britain, 23, 25, 103, 105, 107, 108, 110, 111, 113, 145, 146; central position in Europe, 23–24, 45, 55, 115–116, 117; and Israel, 28; and the West, 71–72, 102–103; and Herero war in Southwest Africa (1906), 73, 189n6; modernization of, 92, 104; militarism of, 106, 109, 110; Second Empire of, 106–107, 108; Junkers in, 109, 110, 114, 115, 124; political parties in, 112–113; bureaucracy in, 114; and Japan, 117; structured decisionism in, 156–159. *See also* Federal Republic of Germany; History; Prussia

- Gerschenkron, Alexander, 104  
*Geschichte in Wissenschaft und Unterricht*, 47  
*Geschichte und Gesellschaft*, 24  
 Gestapo, 10  
 Ginzberg, Eugenia, 77  
 Glaser, Hermann, 135  
 Goebbels, Joseph, 101, 116  
 Goethe, Johann Wolfgang von, 110  
 Great Britain: and Germany, 23, 25, 103, 105, 107, 108, 110, 111, 113, 145, 146; imperialism of, 110, 115; political parties in, 111–113; liberalism of, 115, 117; as museum, 138  
 Great Depression, 133, 137, 171  
 Greens (political party), 45  
 Grossman, Vasily, 77  
 Grotius, Hugo, 62–63  
 Gulag Archipelago, 30, 31, 32, 52, 53, 68, 78, 83, 86, 166  
 Gypsies, killing of, 75, 82  
 Habermas, Jürgen, 1–2, 4, 7, 14, 34–65, 70, 85, 139, 158; critique of Hillgruber, 19; critique of Nolte, 30, 34; indictment of, 39–47; *Knowledge and Human Interests*, 40–41; *Theorie des kommunikativen Handelns (Theory of Communicative Action)*, 41–42, 57–60, 153–154; on identity, 43, 136, 137, 145, 146, 147, 150, 151–152, 153, 156, 171; Sonning Prize address of, 58, 61, 156; as liberal spokesman, 88, 105, 143, 168; and museum controversy, 133; on reflective memory, 161, 169; on *die Wende*, 170  
 Halévy, Elie, 51  
 Hamburg, bombing of, 16, 50  
 Hanns Martin Schleyer Foundation, 134  
 Hartz, Louis, 120, 206n60  
 Hegel, Georg Wilhelm Friedrich, 25, 26, 41, 42, 85, 117, 141, 146–147; *The Phenomenology of the Spirit*, 14  
 Heidegger, Martin, 26, 42, 46, 59  
*Heimat* (film) (Edgar Reitz), 37, 118  
 Heinemann, Gustav, 124  
 Herder, Johann Gottlieb, *Another Philosophy of History (Auch eine Philosophie der Geschichte)*, 142  
 Heydrich, Reinhard, 96  
 Hildebrand, Klaus, 24, 32, 34, 35, 40, 47, 55, 66–67, 122; and Nolte, 29, 30; on German vs. Russian mass murder, 31, 76, 187n54; on Habermas, 48, 51, 53, 56, 185n35; on Hitler, 95  
 Hilferding, Rudolf, 107  
 Hillgruber, Andreas, 24, 25, 32, 83, 118–119, 122, 127, 140, 146, 154, 171; *Zweierlei Untergang* (Two sorts of demise), 19, 20, 21, 22–23, 34, 148; and Habermas, 40, 42, 44, 47–48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 56, 168, 185n34; *Aufklärung 1986*, 168  
 Himmler, Heinrich, 10, 96  
 Hintze, Otto, 25, 119, 146, 147  
 Hiroshima, 16, 18, 75  
 Historians, 2; German, 3–5, 25, 35–65, 104, 120, 141; American, 5, 38, 39; British, 5, 36, 38, 39; French, 5, 39, 42, 109; left-wing, 6–7, 32–33, 38, 39, 42, 43; Austrian, 7; conservative, 27, 34–39, 41, 43, 46, 47, 48, 50, 51, 58, 91, 95, 102, 104, 105–106, 109, 144; diplomatic, 34, 35, 51; Italian, 39; role of, 61–62; and ethical coherence, 97–98; German, in America, 104; East German, 148. *See also individual historians, e.g., Meinecke, Friedrich*  
 Historical Museum (Frankfurt), 123–124  
 Historicism (*Historismus*), 22, 43, 91–99, 119, 141, 147, 161, 169; Prusso-German, 140–141  
 Historicization (*Historisierung*), 91–99, 101, 170–172, 197n84  
*Historikerstreit* (historians' conflict), 1–8, 33, 34, 47–56, 64, 78, 90, 91, 92, 101, 139, 148, 160, 168, 169, 171. *See also individual historians, e.g., Stürmer, Michael*  
 Historiography, 18, 39, 160–161; polarized, 16–25, 34; and ideology, 61; postmodern, 168–172; Anglo-American, 171. *See also Historians; History*  
*Historische Zeitschrift*, 24, 34, 142  
*Historismus. See Historicism*  
 History: comparative, 18, 31–32, 54, 60, 66–99, 165–166; revision of, 34, 38, 40, 44, 47, 121; oral, 36, 118; social, 36–37, 38, 105, 140, 142; myth in, 44; limits of, 54–65; public use of, 60; structural, 93; German, as case history, 100–120; as identity, 139–156; and individuality, 141, 142; of class conflict, 147; and memory, 149, 160–161, 169, 171; critical, 152  
 Hitler, Adolf, 6, 11, 17, 24, 25, 28, 45, 46, 56, 124; attack on Soviet Union, 19–20, 67, 69; attempt to assassinate, 20, 21, 22, 56, 79; and enemies, 29; biographer of, 30; and Russian atrocities, 30–31, 49, 52, 53, 67; and concentration camps, 31; and Jews, 50, 68, 78, 162; and euthanasia, 69;

- Reichstag speech of January 1939, 76; and military, 80; and terror, 80–82; administrative rivalry under, 94, 95; role of, in Holocaust, 95–96, 97; *Mein Kampf*, 97; political style of, 101, 157; and Roosevelt, 116; and historians, 122, 139
- Hobbes, Thomas, 62, 63
- Hofer, Walter, 89
- Holland, 68, 77
- Holocaust: comparability of, 1, 2, 3, 31, 54, 55, 66–99, 165–166; memories of, 10, 58; historians of, 19, 64, 95, 97; television series, 44, 118; and German identity, 58–59, 60; as response to Bolshevism, 67, 68; victims of, 71, 164; and transportation, 77; functionalist analysis of, 95–97; and museum planning, 135; denial of, 162; as asset, 164–168. *See also* Anti-Semitism; Auschwitz; Jews
- Holy Roman Empire, 109, 129, 148
- Honecker, Erich, 148
- Horkheimer, Max, 39, 90
- Höss, Rudolph, 93
- House of History (Haus der Geschichte, Bonn), 121, 126–127, 132, 138
- Hubatsch, Walther, 35
- Humboldt, Wilhelm von, 140
- Hungary, 22, 68
- Identification, as historian's approach, 21–22
- Identity, national, 23, 44, 45, 49–50, 55, 56, 61, 91, 109, 122; and history, 4, 9, 18, 47, 65, 90, 120, 139–156; and Holocaust, 58–59; and museums, 128–129, 131, 136–137, 138; and conservatives, 149; and memory, 149, 169; American, 151
- Industrial Revolution, 27, 45, 87
- Institute for Contemporary History (Institut für Zeitgeschichte), Munich, 17, 126
- "Intentionalists," 95, 198nn88–89
- Israel, 7, 10, 28–29, 46, 53, 89; and Holocaust, 59, 164–165, 166; and fascism, 87, 91, 162; historians of, 91; and Six Day War, 164; and Palestinian issue, 167
- Italy, 5, 143, 158, 161, 162
- Jäckel, Eberhard, 52, 53, 54, 55, 75, 127
- Jaspers, Karl, 57, 59
- Jews, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 19, 29, 56, 67; and Ernst Nolte, 15; and Wehrmacht, 20, 21, 22; destruction of, 23, 30, 46, 48, 53, 55, 66, 70, 72, 73, 75, 76, 77, 135, 165, 166, 193n34; and German memory, 58–59, 125, 131, 160, 166, 167; and Nazism, 67, 68, 91, 94, 101; and terror, 80, 81; dehumanizing of, 82. *See also* Anti-Semitism; Holocaust
- Journal of Historical Revision*, 64
- Jünger, Ernst, 169
- Kafka, Franz, 81
- Kaiser, Jakob, 117
- Kaiserreich, 107. *See also* Second Empire
- Kaltenbrunner, Gerd-Klaus, 148
- Kamenets-Podolsk, shootings at, 75
- Kant, Immanuel, 12, 39, 60, 102, 154
- Kästner, Erich, 110
- Kehr, Eckart, 25, 36, 104, 107, 140, 146, 200n10
- Kennan, George F., 21, 117
- Kennedy, Paul, 111
- Keynesian theory, 37, 96
- Khmer Rouge, 16, 30, 52, 55, 66, 71, 72, 165, 166, 192n26
- Kierkegaard, Søren, 152, 156
- Kirchheimer, Otto, 156, 158
- Kissinger, Henry, 35
- Kocka, Jürgen, 36, 54, 55, 71–72, 104–105, 109, 146; and museum planning, 128, 130, 132, 133, 134, 138; on identity, 149–150
- Kohl, Helmut, 1, 50, 102; and Bitburg, 10, 11, 61; interest in history, 37, 43, 186n41; and museums, 121, 122, 126, 127, 136, 138; and identity, 150, 167
- Kolyma, Soviet labor camp, 82
- Koselleck, Reinhart, 38
- Kreisky, Bruno, 163
- Kristallnacht pogrom (1938), 29, 67, 73
- Kühnl, Reinhard, *Formen bürgerlicher Herrschaft* (Forms of bourgeois rule), 88
- Kulaks, 16, 55, 74, 76, 79
- Lamprecht, Karl, 142
- Lanzmann, Claude, 11, 77. *See also* Shoah
- Lassalle, Ferdinand, 87
- Lebensform* (life form), as Habermas concept, 57, 58, 59–60, 152, 153
- Lebensraum*, 19
- Lebensunwertes Leben* (life unworthy of life), 69, 76, 168
- Lenin, V. I., 68, 87, 88
- Lessing, Gotthold Ephraim von, 48
- Levi, Primo, 14
- Lévi-Strauss, Claude, critique of Sartre's views on history, 155

- Liberalism: American, 26, 39, 103; 19th-century, 27; Western, 43; bourgeois, 68, 103–104; and Enlightenment, 73, 103; and fascism, 86, 89; German, 102, 103; French, 103  
 Lifeworld, as Habermas concept, 59, 153  
 Łódź, ghetto, 68  
 Löwenthal, Richard, 133  
 Lübke, Hermann, 90  
 Lubianka prison, 53  
 Ludendorff, General Erich, 19  
 Lueger, Karl, 31  
 Luhmann, Niklas, 171  
 Luther, Martin, 100, 101, 103, 148  
 Lyotard, Jean-François, 42, 170  
  
 Madagascar, and planned deportations, 76  
 Maistre, Joseph-Marie de, 158  
 Majdanek, extermination center, 75  
 Malraux, André, 51  
 Mandelstam, Nadezhda, 77, 81  
 Mann, Golo, 166  
 Mann, Heinrich, *Der Untertan*, 114  
 Mann, Thomas, 8, 102, 144  
 Mannheim, Karl, 41  
 Markovits, Andrei, 167  
 Marx, Karl, 25, 42, 46, 87, 103, 113–114, 147; *The Eighteenth Brumaire of Louis Napoleon*, 88, 119  
 Marxism, 24, 28, 40, 42, 43, 118, 146–147, 169; and fascism, 18, 26, 68, 86, 88, 89, 90; and transcendence, 27, 87; and interpretation of National Socialism, 88; and museum exhibits, 123; and democracy, 158  
 Mason, Tim, 94–95  
 Mastering the past. *See* *Vergangenheitsbewältigung*  
 Maurras, Charles, 46, 158  
 Mauthausen, II. *See also* Concentration camps  
 Max Planck Institute (Göttingen), 118  
 Mayer, Arno, 108  
 McNeill, William H., 44  
 Mehring, Franz, 25  
 Meier, Christian, 49, 54–56, 58, 61, 63, 135, 137  
 Meinecke, Friedrich, 25, 141–142, 143, 144–145; *Weltbürgertum und Nationalstaat* (*Cosmopolitanism and the National State*), 140, 141; *Die Idee der Staatsräson* (*Machiavellism*), 141  
 Memory, 121–139, 163; and history, 149, 160–161, 169, 171; and identity, 149, 169; Jewish, 162. *See also* Identity, national; Museums, history  
 Mertes, Alois, 10  
*Methodenstreit*, 139  
 Michels, Robert, 112  
*Mitteleuropa*, 45, 55, 117  
*Modell-Deutschland*, 8  
*Mode retro*, 162, 172  
 Mohler, Armin, 148  
 Mommsen, Hans, 16–17, 18, 19, 25, 52, 91, 95, 101, 127–128, 133, 134  
 Mommsen, Wolfgang, 38  
 Moore, Barrington, Jr., 104  
 Morgenthau Plan, 20  
 Munich Beer Hall Putsch (1923), 29  
 Munich Soviet Republic, 68  
 Murder: class, 30, 76; mass, 30, 66, 69–84; racial, 30, 31, 82. *See also* Genocide  
 Museum for German History (East Berlin), 124–125, 126  
 Museums, history, 4, 38, 44, 121–139, 165, 208n16. *See also* German Historical Museum  
 Musil, Robert, *The Man without Qualities*, 99  
 Mussolini, Benito, 84, 161  
*Mut*, 148  
 My Lai, 75  
  
 Nagasaki, 16  
 Napoleon, 15, 109, 119  
 National Democratic Party (NPD), 87, 100, 148  
 Nationalism, 26, 140–142, 147–148, 169; neoconservative, 32, 38, 41, 47, 58, 133, 141. *See also* Identity, national  
 National Socialism, 1, 3, 5, 11, 13, 16, 25, 106, 118, 122; and Western democracies, 17, 108; and capitalism, 18, 88, 109; ideology of, 19, 78, 95–96; controversy over, 25; defeat of, 27, 45; and repudiation of past, 47, 90; and German people, 48; and historians, 51, 58, 66, 67; legacy of, 55, 59; rise of, 68, 84, 86, 114, 133; courts under, 78–79; terror under, 80–82, 96; and eugenics, 93–94; and *Resistenz*, 93, 94, 163–164; centers of power in, 94–97  
 NATO (North Atlantic Treaty Organization). *See* Western alliance  
 Neo-Machiavellianism, 119–120

- Nietzsche, Friedrich, 42, 148, 156, 161
- Nigeria, suppression of Biafrans (1967–1969), 73
- Night and Fog decree (December 7, 1941), 81
- Night of the Shooting Stars, The (La notte di San Lorenzo; film)*, 161
- Nipperdey, Thomas, 38, 50, 109, 119–120, 139, 146; on morality of scholarship, 12; on scholarly disputes, 34, 39, 60, 61, 63
- Nisci, California, 68
- Nolte, Ernst, 15, 17, 19, 25–33, 88, 122, 149, 154, 167, 171; on *Shoah*, 11, 12; approach to comparison of, 18, 82–83; *Der Faschismus in seiner Epoche (Three Faces of Fascism)*, 25–27, 84, 85–86; *Deutschland und der kalte Krieg* (Germany and the Cold War), 27–28, 87; and Israel, 28–29, 190n10; and “Asiatic Deed,” 29–30; “Vergangheit, die nicht vergehen will” (The past that will not pass away), 29, 34, 46; and Habermas, 44, 46–47, 49, 50, 51, 52–53, 54, 55, 56, 60, 63, 64; and historicization, 66, 91, 93; on Holocaust, 67, 68, 71, 76, 78, 82, 83, 162; change in emphasis of, 87; influence of, 101; theory of right-wing conspiracy, 122; *Der europäische Bürgerkrieg*, 127; use of ideal types, 188–189n2; and opponents, 191n22
- Normalization, of Nazi crimes, 17–18, 70, 83, 167
- Novalis (Baron Friedrich von Hardenberg), 140
- Nuremberg war crime trials, 11
- Nuremberg laws (1935), 23, 67
- Obrigkeitsstaat* (authoritarian state), 115
- Odessa-Dalnik, shootings at, 75
- OECD, 8
- Ophuls, Marcel, 162
- Oradour-sur-Glane, 11
- Organized capitalism, 24, 36, 107, 202–203n27
- Ory, Pascal, 162
- Ostpolitik*, 28, 143
- Ostrogorsky, Moisei, 112
- Otto Suhr Institute, 88
- Palestine Liberation Organization, 28–29
- Patriotism, constitutional. *See Verfassungspatriotismus*
- Peace movement (1980s), 6, 85
- Pellepoix, Darquier de, 162
- Pleukert, Detlev J. K., 92
- Plato, 26, 41
- Pohl-Wever, Mrs., 135
- Poland, 21; partition of, 24, 117; Jews of, 29, 149; extermination centers in, 75; relationship to Holocaust, 165, 216n12
- Political culture, 39, 45, 47
- Pol Pot, 55
- Pompidou Center (Paris), 123, 130
- Potsdam, 21
- Poulantzas, Nicos, 119
- Primat der Aussenpolitik* (primacy of foreign policy), 24, 25, 116
- Primat der Innenpolitik* (primacy of internal politics), 24, 35, 116, 117
- Prisoners of war, killing of, 75, 194n35
- Prussia, 4, 102, 109, 114, 119, 140, 141, 142; Great Elector of, 103; bureaucracy of, 105, 146; failure of liberalism in, 111; and German history, 116, 148; museum exhibits on, 123, 124, 126; class suffrage in, 139. *See also* East Prussia, defense of
- Puhle, Hans-Jürgen, 36
- Racism, 26, 44, 68, 71, 76, 87
- Ranke, Leopold von, 25, 35, 65, 139, 140, 142
- Rastatt exhibit, 124. *See also* Museums, history
- Reagan, Ronald, 6, 61; at Bitburg, 9–10, 11, 14, 57
- Reichstag building, 132, 134
- Reitz, Edmar. *See Heimat*
- Resistance, German, 22, 124, 125, 141. *See also* National Socialism: and *Resistenz*
- Responsibility, 40–41, 153, 171; collective, 14–15, 57, 58, 59, 90, 95; individual, 14, 16, 57; mutual, 58, 59; and comparability, 60, 69
- Revisionist theses, historical, 2
- Revolutions of 1848, 45
- Ricci, Matteo, 121
- Riefenstahl, Leni, 101
- Riga, shootings at, 75
- Ritter, Gerhard, 106, 141, 210n45
- Römerberg Conversations, Frankfurt, 29, 137
- Roosevelt, Franklin D., 20
- Röpke, Wilhelm, 51
- Rorty, Richard, 170, 183n17
- Rosenberg, Hans, 36, 104, 119
- Rothfels, Hans, 106

- Rouso, Henry, 162  
 Rovno, shootings at, 75  
 Rudolph, Hermann, 9, 90  
 Rühle, Günther, 177n9  
 Rüssen, Jörn, 136, 212n65  
 Russia, 24, 72, 116; civil war in, 27, 52, 66, 68, 69, 71, 73, 76, 86. *See also* Soviet Union
- St. Augustine, 152  
 Sartre, Jean-Paul, 97, 155  
 Scheel, Walter, 126  
 Scheubner-Richter, Erwin, 29, 67  
 Schickel, Alfred, 67  
 Schieder, Theodor, 36  
 Schiller, Friedrich, 140  
*Schlussstrich* ("bottom line"), 163  
 Schmidt, Helmut, 6, 15  
 Schmitt, Carl, 62, 141, 156, 158  
 Schneider, Peter, 6, 144  
 Schopenhauer, Arthur, 8  
 Schulze, Hagen, 49, 53, 54, 115, 116, 127, 150  
 Schumacher, Kurt, 143  
 Second Empire, German, 43, 106  
 Seelye, Sir John, 116  
 Seiffert, Wolfgang, 148  
*Shoah* (film) (Claude Lanzmann), 11–12, 77  
 Siedler, Wolf Jobst, 127, 128  
 Smith, Adam, 69  
 Smith, Walter Bedell, 21  
 Smithsonian Museum of American History (Washington, D.C.), 125–126  
 Sobibor, extermination camp, 75  
 Social Darwinism, 165–166  
 Social Democratic Party (SPD), 113, 117, 127–128, 129, 132, 133, 134, 135, 137, 143  
 Socialism, 86, 87, 141. *See also* Marxism  
 Social sciences, 4, 38, 60, 63, 99, 101, 105, 107, 118, 154–155, 168, 171  
 Sociology, political, 119, 170  
*Soldatenzeitung*, 64  
 Solzhenitsyn, Alexander, 20, 51, 77  
*Sonderweg* (divergence from the West), 36, 102, 105, 106, 107, 108, 117, 130, 141; and authoritarianism, 109, 111, 113; and development, 114, 115; reaction against, 118; American, 120  
*Sorrow and the Pity, The (Le chagrin et la pitié)*; (film) (Marcel Ophüls), 162, 164  
 Soviet Union, 1, 2, 18, 19–20; kulaks in, 16, 76, 79, 91; and division of Germany, 21. *See also* Kulaks; Russia; Stalin, Joseph  
 Speer, Albert, 22, 132  
 Spence, Jonathan, 121  
 Spengler, Oswald, 117  
 Springer-Verlag, 89, 91  
 SS (Schutzstaffel), 10, 12, 70, 72  
 Stalin, Joseph, 130; terror under, 1, 80–82, 86; purges by, 16, 66, 67, 69, 73–75, 76–77, 78, 149; and Germany, 18, 20, 24, 31, 49, 52, 53, 54; mass deportations by, 77; courts under, 78–79; executions under, 79  
 Stalingrad, 69  
 Stamokap (state monopoly capitalism) analysis, 88. *See also* Fascism  
 Stern, Carola, 90  
 Sternhell, Ze'ev, 25  
 Stiftung Preussischer Kulturbesitz, 128  
 Stölzel, Christof, 138  
 Strauss, Franz Josef, 89  
 Sturmabteilung (SA), 79, 80  
 Stürmer, Michael, 32, 43–46, 47, 50, 51, 61, 101, 119, 122, 171, 175n4; on Germany as "land of the middle," 24, 55, 115, 116, 117; and museums, 44, 123, 127, 128, 129, 134–135; and national identity, 44, 45, 65, 142–143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 149, 151, 154, 184n24; on Bismarckian regime, 119; on elites, 169  
 Sybel, Heinrich von, 25
- Taviani brothers, 161  
 Teheran, 21  
*Tendenzwende* (shift in trend), 13, 37, 39  
 Tenfelde, Klaus, 38  
 Terror, 80–84  
 Thälmann, Ernst, 125  
 Theresienstadt, concentration camp, 68  
 Third Reich, 5, 6, 7, 9, 16, 28, 48, 125; Foreign Office of, 11; and German history, 17–19, 37, 39, 44, 56, 67, 92, 100, 130, 134, 135, 136; and Soviet Union, 18, 73; final months of, 19–22; executions in, 79; and power, 94; policies of, 96. *See also* Germany; National Socialism  
 Tocqueville, Alexis de, 108, 120  
 Tokyo, bombings of, 16  
 Totalitarianism, 3, 31, 71, 94, 98, 101, 195n56; and terror, 79–82, 84  
 Transcendence, 26–27, 46, 86–87, 166, 178n26. *See also* Nolte, Ernst  
 Treblinka, 72, 75, 77, 125  
 Tucholsky, Kurt, 190n10  
 Turner, Frederick Jackson, 120

- Ukrainian famine (1932–33), 73
- United States: Enlightenment tradition in, 39; and Germany, 53, 103, 105, 108, 111, 158; and Vietnam, 108, 120; and Watergate, 108; political parties in, 111–112; theories of history of, 120; Holocaust museums in, 165
- Veblen, Thorstein, 104, 105, 114
- V-E Day, 9
- Vereine*, 109
- Verfassungspatriotismus* (constitutional patriotism), 45, 55, 57, 58, 60, 151, 152–153
- Vergangenheitsbewältigung* (mastering the past), 7
- Vernunftrepublikaner*, 145
- Verstehen* (understanding), as historical methodology, 22, 42–43, 98
- Vichy, 162, 164
- Volksgemeinschaft*, 80, 81
- Volksgerichte, 78. *See also* National Socialism: courts under
- Vorkuta, Soviet labor camp, 82
- Wahlen* (elections), 158
- Waldheim, Kurt, 7, 162–163
- Warsaw, 29, 68
- Weber, Max, 25, 58, 87, 114, 146, 147, 155; and typologies, 65; on subjective orientations, 71; on bourgeois modernization, 104, 105; on parliaments, 112; and decisionism, 156; American interpretation of, 201n13
- Wehler, Hans-Ulrich, 35, 36, 38, 104, 107, 146, 147, 150
- Wehrmacht, 19–22, 25, 32, 42, 91, 119, 176n3, 194n35
- Weimar Republic, 43, 62, 88, 110, 114, 115, 117, 144–145, 157; fall of, 5, 37–38, 84, 133–134, 157; and Bonn Republic, 32, 149; historians of, 43, 84, 104, 119, 148; and constitutional patriotism, 49; and museum exhibits, 130, 132, 133–134; constitution of, 158
- Weizmann, Chaim, 29, 46, 50, 67, 190n11
- Weizsäcker, Ernst von, 11
- Weizsäcker, Richard von, 11, 127
- Weltpolitik*, 4
- Wende, die*. *See Tendenzwende*
- Wertfreiheit* (freedom from prejudicial values), 13, 60
- Westerbork, concentration camp, 77
- Western alliance: and Federal Republic of Germany, 6, 10, 45, 48, 60–61, 117; and national identity, 47, 145, 147, 154
- West Germany. *See* Federal Republic of Germany
- Wiesel, Elie, 10
- William II, 106, 113
- Willms, Bernard, 148
- Winkler, Heinrich August, 104
- Wittgenstein, Ludwig, 42
- Wolf, Christa, 66, 92
- World War I, 21, 49, 68, 102, 104, 112, 113, 130; German expansionism in, 4, 34, 106; German defeat in, 109, 146; historians and, 141, 146
- World War II, 6, 7, 9, 35, 57, 145; German defeat in, 6; historians of, 19, 31, 135, 141; East Prussian front in, 20
- Yalta conference, 20
- Zionism, 29, 164
- Zyklon B, 67, 177n14