Writing down Lagrangians stnotton

| 0 | 0 | .3 Classical fields | 3 |
|---|------------|--|--------|
| 0 | | What is monthing faill the set 2 | 1 |
| | 0.1 | What is quantum field theory? | 1 |
| | 0.2 | What is a field? | 2 |
| | 0.3 | Who is this book for? | 2 3 |
| | 0.4 | Special relativity | |
| | 0.5 | Fourier transforms | 6 7 |
| | 0.6 | Electromagnetism | en á |
| I | Tł | ne Universe as a set of harmonic oscillators | 9 |
| 1 | Tan | Examples of Lagrangians, or how to write down a the | 10 |
| T | Lag 1.1 | rangians Fermat's principle | 10 |
| | 1.1 | Newton's laws | 10 |
| | 1.2 | Duration 1. Sand projections | 10 |
| | 1.3 | Termine in a line to the | 11 |
| | 1.4 | Lagrangians and least action Why does it work? | 14 |
| | | rcises | 10 |
| | Exe | I CISES | 11 |
| 2 | Sim | ple harmonic oscillators | 19 |
| | 2.1 | Introduction | 19 |
| | 2.2 | Mass on a spring | 19 |
| | 2.3 | A trivial generalization | 23 |
| | 2.4 | Phonons | 25 |
| | Exe | rcises | 27 |
| - | ~ | .3 The death of single-particle quantum machanics | 8132 |
| 3 | | upation number representation | 28 |
| | 3.1 | A particle in a box | 28 |
| | 3.2 | Changing the notation | 29 |
| | 3.3 | Replace state labels with operators | |
| | 3.4 | Indistinguishability and symmetry | 31 |
| | 3.5 | The continuum limit | |
| | Exe | rcises | 36 |
| 4 | Ma | king second quantization work | 37 |
| | 4.1 | Field operators | 37 |
| | 4.2 | How to second quantize an operator | 39 |
| | 4.3 | The kinetic energy and the tight-binding Hamiltonian | 43 |
| | 4.4 | Two particles | 44 |

| | 4.5 The Hubbard model | 46 |
|----|---|----------|
| | Exercises | 48 |
| | | |
| II | Writing down Lagrangians | 49 |
| 5 | Continuous systems | 50 |
| | 5.1 Lagrangians and Hamiltonians | 50 |
| | 5.2 A charged particle in an electromagnetic field | 52 |
| | 5.3 Classical fields | 54 |
| | 5.4 Lagrangian and Hamiltonian density | 55 |
| | Exercises | 58 |
| • | | |
| 6 | A first stab at relativistic quantum mechanics | 59 |
| | 0.1 The Ment–Gordon equation | 59 61 |
| | 0.2 Trobability currents and densities | 61 |
| | 6.3 Feynman's interpretation of the negative energy states6.4 No conclusions | 63 |
| | Exercises | 63 |
| | | 00 |
| 7 | Examples of Lagrangians, or how to write down a theory | 64 |
| | 7.1 A massless scalar field | 64 |
| | 7.2 A massive scalar field | 65 |
| | 7.3 An external source | 66 |
| | 7.4 The ϕ^4 theory | 67 |
| | 7.5 Two scalar fields | 67 |
| | 7.6 The complex scalar field | 68 |
| | Exercises | 69 |
| | | |
| II | | 71 |
| 61 | 2.2 Mass on a spring | - |
| 8 | The passage of time | 72 |
| | 8.1 Schrödinger's picture and the time-evolution operator | 72 |
| | 8.2 The Heisenberg picture | 74 |
| | 8.3 The death of single-particle quantum mechanics | 75 |
| | 8.4 Old quantum theory is dead; long live fields! | 76 |
| | Exercises | 78 |
| 9 | Quantum mechanical transformations | 79 |
| 9 | 9.1 Translations in spacetime | 79 |
| | 9.2 Rotations | 82 |
| | 9.3 Representations of transformations | 83 |
| | 9.4 Transformations of quantum fields | 85 |
| | 9.5 Lorentz transformations | 86 |
| | Exercises | 88 |
| | | |
| 10 | Symmetry | 90 |
| | 10.1 Invariance and conservation | 90 |

| | 10.2 Noether's theorem | 92 |
|----|---|-----|
| | 10.3 Spacetime translation | 94 |
| | 10.4 Other symmetries | 96 |
| | Exercises | 97 |
| 59 | 1 23.2 The Gaussian integrabing garying barrow of a wolly 4. | 1 2 |
| 11 | Canonical quantization of fields | |
| | 11.1 The canonical quantization machine | 98 |
| | 11.2 Normalizing factors | 101 |
| | 11.3 What becomes of the Hamiltonian? | 102 |
| | 11.4 Normal ordering | 104 |
| | 11.5 The meaning of the mode expansion | 106 |
| | Exercises | 108 |
| 12 | Examples of canonical quantization | 109 |
| | 12.1 Complex scalar field theory | 109 |
| | 12.2 Noether's current for complex scalar field theory | 111 |
| | 12.3 Complex scalar field theory in the non-relativistic limit | 112 |
| | Exercises | 116 |
| | 11 Meet some interactions | 110 |
| 13 | Fields with many components and | |
| | massive electromagnetism | 117 |
| | 13.1 Internal symmetries | 117 |
| | 13.2 Massive electromagnetism | 120 |
| | 13.3 Polarizations and projections | 123 |
| | Exercises | 125 |
| 14 | Cauga fields and gauga theory | 196 |
| 14 | Gauge fields and gauge theory 14.1 What is a gauge field? | 120 |
| | 14.1 What is a gauge field? 14.2 Electromagnetism is the simplest gauge theory | 120 |
| | 14.3 Canonical quantization of the electromagnetic field | 129 |
| | D · · | 134 |
| | Exercises | 104 |
| 15 | Discrete transformations | 135 |
| | 15.1 Charge conjugation | 135 |
| | 15.2 Parity | 136 |
| | 15.3 Time reversal | 137 |
| | 15.4 Combinations of discrete and continuous transformations | 139 |
| | Exercises | 142 |
| | | |
| IV | 28.0 J he path magrat for termions | |
| IV | Propagators and perturbations | 143 |
| 16 | Propagators and Green's functions | 144 |
| | 16.1 What is a Green's function? | 144 |
| | 16.2 Propagators in quantum mechanics | 146 |
| | 16.3 Turning it around: quantum mechanics from the | |
| | | 149 |
| | 16.4 The many faces of the propagator | 151 |
| | Exercises | 152 |
| | | |

| 17 | Propagators and fields | 154 |
|----|---|------------|
| | 17.1 The field propagator in outline | 155 |
| | 17.2 The Feynman propagator | 156 |
| | 17.3 Finding the free propagator for scalar field theory | 158 |
| | 17.4 Yukawa's force-carrying particles | 159 |
| | 17.5 Anatomy of the propagator | 162 |
| | Exercises | 163 |
| 18 | The S-matrix | 165 |
| | 18.1 The S-matrix: a hero for our times | 166 |
| | 18.2 Some new machinery: the interaction representation | 167 |
| | 18.3 The interaction picture applied to scattering | 168 |
| | 18.4 Perturbation expansion of the S -matrix | 169 |
| | 18.5 Wick's theorem | 171 |
| | Exercises | 174 |
| 19 | Expanding the S-matrix: Feynman diagrams | 175 |
| | 19.1 Meet some interactions | 176 |
| | 19.2 The example of ϕ^4 theory | |
| | 19.3 Anatomy of a diagram | 181 |
| | 19.4 Symmetry factors | 182 |
| | 19.5 Calculations in <i>p</i> -space | 183 |
| | 19.6 A first look at scattering | 186 |
| | Exercises | 187 |
| 20 | Scattering theory | 30 |
| | 20.1 Another theory: Yukawa's $\psi^{\dagger}\psi\phi$ interactions | 188 |
| | 20.2 Scattering in the $\psi^{\dagger}\psi\phi$ theory | 190 |
| | 20.3 The transition matrix and the invariant amplitude | 192 |
| | 20.4 The scattering cross-section | 193 |
| | Exercises | 194 |
| | | 105 |
| V | Interlude: wisdom from statistical physics | 195 |
| 21 | Statistical physics: a crash course | 196 |
| | 21.1 Statistical mechanics in a nutshell | 196 |
| | 21.2 Sources in statistical physics | 197 |
| | 21.3 A look ahead Exercises | 198 199 |
| | | |
| 22 | The generating functional for fields | 201 |
| | 22.1 How to find Green's functions | 201 |
| | 22.2 Linking things up with the Gell-Mann–Low theorem | 203 |
| | 22.3 How to calculate Green's functions with diagrams | 204 |
| | 22.4 More facts about diagrams | 206 |
| | Exercises | 208 |

| vi rath muegrais | VI | Path | integrals | |
|------------------|----|------|-----------|--|
|------------------|----|------|-----------|--|

| 23 Path integrals: I said to him, 'You're crazy'21023.1 How to do quantum mechanics using path integrals21023.2 The Gaussian integral21323.3 The propagator for the simple harmonic oscillator217Exercises22024 Field integrals22124.1 The functional integral for fields22124.3 The generating functional for scalar fields22324.3 The generating functional for scalar fields22325 Statistical field theory22825.1 Wick rotation and Euclidean space22925.2 The partition function23125.3 Perturbation theory and Feynman rules233Exercises23626 Broken symmetry23726.1 Landau theory23726.2 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4 Breaking a continuous symmetry24226.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states24527 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25528.1 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers:25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25528.3 The path integral for fermions25529.4 Viotices25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | VI Path integrals | 209 |
|---|--|-----|
| 23.1 How to do quantum mechanics using path integrals21023.2 The Gaussian integral21323.3 The propagator for the simple harmonic oscillator217Exercises22024 Field integrals22124.1 The functional integral for fields22124.3 The generating functional for scalar fields22224.3 The generating functional for scalar fields223Exercises22625 Statistical field theory22825.1 Wick rotation and Euclidean space22925.2 The partition function23125.3 Perturbation theory and Feynman rules233Exercises23626 Broken symmetry23726.1 Landau theory23726.2 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Coldstone modes24026.4 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Coldstone modes24426.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states25027.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states25528 Crassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.4 Coherent states for fermions25729 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks260 | | 210 |
| 23.2 The Gaussian integral21323.3 The propagator for the simple harmonic oscillator217Exercises22024 Field integrals22124.1 The functional integral for fields22124.2 Which field integrals should you do?22224.3 The generating functional for scalar fields223Exercises22625 Statistical field theory22825.1 Wick rotation and Euclidean space22925.2 The partition function23125.3 Perturbation theory and Feynman rules233Exercises23626 Broken symmetry23726.1 Landau theory23726.2 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4 Breaking a continuous symmetry in a gauge theory24226.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states25027.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states25528 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers:25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25528.3 The path integral for fermions25528.4 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.4 Coherent states for fermions25729 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks26 | | 210 |
| Exercises22024 Field integrals22124.1 The functional integral for fields22124.2 Which field integrals should you do?22224.3 The generating functional for scalar fields223Exercises22625 Statistical field theory22825.1 Wick rotation and Euclidean space22925.2 The partition function23125.3 Perturbation theory and Feynman rules233Exercises23626 Broken symmetry23726.1 Landau theory23726.2 Breaking a symmetry with a Lagrangian23926.3 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4 Breaking a symmetry in a gauge theory24226.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states24527 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states25228 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.4 Chapter at the path integral for fermions25729.7 Dopological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks260 | | 213 |
| Exercises22024 Field integrals22124.1 The functional integral for fields22124.2 Which field integrals should you do?22224.3 The generating functional for scalar fields223Exercises22625 Statistical field theory22825.1 Wick rotation and Euclidean space22925.2 The partition function23125.3 Perturbation theory and Feynman rules233Exercises23626 Broken symmetry23726.1 Landau theory23726.2 Breaking a symmetry with a Lagrangian23926.3 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4 Breaking a symmetry in a gauge theory24226.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states24527 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states25228 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.4 Chapter at the path integral for fermions25729.7 Dopological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks260 | 23.3 The propagator for the simple harmonic oscillator | 217 |
| 24.1 The functional integral for fields22124.2 Which field integrals should you do?22224.3 The generating functional for scalar fields223Exercises22625 Statistical field theory22825.1 Wick rotation and Euclidean space22925.2 The partition function23125.3 Perturbation theory and Feynman rules233Exercises23626 Broken symmetry23726.1 Landau theory23726.2 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states25228.1 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers:25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25729.5 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks260 | | 220 |
| 24.2 Which field integrals should you do?22224.3 The generating functional for scalar fields223Exercises22625 Statistical field theory22825.1 Wick rotation and Euclidean space22925.2 The partition function23125.3 Perturbation theory and Feynman rules233Exercises23626 Broken symmetry23726.1 Landau theory23726.2 Breaking symmetry with a Lagrangian23926.3 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4 Breaking a symmetry in a gauge theory24226.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.4 Coherent states for fermions25728.5 The path integral for fermions25728.5 Coherent states for fermions25728.7 Coherent states for fermions25728.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25729.1 What is topology?26029.1 What is topology?260 | 24 Field integrals | 221 |
| 24.3 The generating functional for scalar fields223Exercises22625 Statistical field theory22825.1 Wick rotation and Euclidean space22925.2 The partition function23125.3 Perturbation theory and Feynman rules233Exercises23626 Broken symmetry23726.1 Landau theory23726.2 Breaking a symmetry with a Lagrangian23926.3 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4 Breaking a symmetry in a gauge theory24226.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states25528 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.4 Ult Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 24.1 The functional integral for fields | 221 |
| Exercises22625 Statistical field theory22825.1 Wick rotation and Euclidean space22925.2 The partition function23125.3 Perturbation theory and Feynman rules233Exercises23626 Broken symmetry23726.1 Landau theory23726.2 Breaking symmetry with a Lagrangian23926.3 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4 Breaking a symmetry in a gauge theory24226.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25729 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks260 | 24.2 Which field integrals should you do? | 222 |
| 25Statistical field theory22825.1Wick rotation and Euclidean space22925.2The partition function23125.3Perturbation theory and Feynman rules233Exercises23626Broken symmetry23726.1Landau theory23726.2Breaking symmetry with a Lagrangian23926.3Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4Breaking a symmetry in a gauge theory24226.5Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527Coherent states24727.1Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2What do coherent states look like?24927.3Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1Grassmann numbers25528.2Coherent states for fermions25728.3The path integral for fermions25728.3The path integral for fermions25728.3The path integral for fermions25729Topological ideas25929Topological objects26029.1What is topology?26029.2Kinks262 | 24.3 The generating functional for scalar fields | 223 |
| 25.1 Wick rotation and Euclidean space22925.2 The partition function23125.3 Perturbation theory and Feynman rules233Exercises23626 Broken symmetry23726.1 Landau theory23726.2 Breaking symmetry with a Lagrangian23926.3 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4 Breaking a symmetry in a gauge theory24226.5 Order in reduced dimensions24427.1 Coherent states24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers:25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25729 Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | Exercises | 226 |
| 25.2 The partition function23125.3 Perturbation theory and Feynman rules233Exercises23626 Broken symmetry23726.1 Landau theory23726.2 Breaking symmetry with a Lagrangian23926.3 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4 Breaking a symmetry in a gauge theory24226.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers:25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25729 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 25 Statistical field theory | 228 |
| 25.2 The partition function23125.3 Perturbation theory and Feynman rules233Exercises23626 Broken symmetry23726.1 Landau theory23726.2 Breaking symmetry with a Lagrangian23926.3 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4 Breaking a symmetry in a gauge theory24226.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25729 Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 25.1 Wick rotation and Euclidean space | 229 |
| Exercises23626Broken symmetry23726.1Landau theory23726.2Breaking symmetry with a Lagrangian23926.3Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4Breaking a symmetry in a gauge theory24226.5Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527Coherent states24727.1Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2What do coherent states look like?24927.3Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1Grassmann numbers:25528.2Coherent states for fermions25528.3The path integral for fermions25728.3The path integral for fermions25728.3The path integral for fermions25729Topological ideas25929Topological objects26029.1What is topology?26029.2Kinks262 | 25.2 The partition function | 231 |
| 26 Broken symmetry23726.1 Landau theory23726.2 Breaking symmetry with a Lagrangian23926.3 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4 Breaking a symmetry in a gauge theory24226.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25729 Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 25.3 Perturbation theory and Feynman rules | 233 |
| 26 Broken symmetry23726.1 Landau theory23726.2 Breaking symmetry with a Lagrangian23926.3 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4 Breaking a symmetry in a gauge theory24226.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25729 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | Exercises | 236 |
| 26.2 Breaking symmetry with a Lagrangian23926.3 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4 Breaking a symmetry in a gauge theory24226.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25729 Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 26 Broken symmetry | 237 |
| 26.3 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes24026.4 Breaking a symmetry in a gauge theory24226.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25729 Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 26.1 Landau theory | 237 |
| 26.4 Breaking a symmetry in a gauge theory24226.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers:25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions257258258VII Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 26.2 Breaking symmetry with a Lagrangian | 239 |
| 26.5 Order in reduced dimensions244Exercises24527 Coherent states24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions257258258VII Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 26.3 Breaking a continuous symmetry: Goldstone modes | 240 |
| Exercises24527 Coherent states24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers:25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.4 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25729 Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 26.4 Breaking a symmetry in a gauge theory | 242 |
| 27 Coherent states24727.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.4 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25729 Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 26.5 Order in reduced dimensions | 244 |
| 27.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator24727.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions257258258VII Topological ideas29 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | Exercises | 245 |
| 27.2 What do coherent states look like?24927.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25729 Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 27 Coherent states | 247 |
| 27.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states255and the path integral for fermions25528.1 Grassmann numbers25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.4 Coherent states for fermions25728.5 The path integral for fermions25728.6 VII Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 27.1 Coherent states of the harmonic oscillator | 247 |
| 21.3 Number, phase and the phase operator25027.4 Examples of coherent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states25528.1 Grassmann numbers25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.4 WII Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 27.2 What do coherent states look like? | 249 |
| 27.4 Examples of conerent states252Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states255and the path integral for fermions25528.1 Grassmann numbers25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions257Exercises258VII Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 27.3 Number, phase and the phase operator | 250 |
| Exercises25328 Grassmann numbers: coherent states and the path integral for fermions255 28.1 Grassmann numbers28.1 Grassmann numbers255 28.2 Coherent states for fermions28.2 Coherent states for fermions257 28.3 The path integral for fermions28.3 The path integral for fermions257 258VII Topological ideas25929 Topological objects 29.1 What is topology? 29.2 Kinks260 262 | 27.4 Examples of concrent states | 252 |
| and the path integral for fermions25528.1 Grassmann numbers25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions257Exercises258VII Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | Exercises | 253 |
| 28.1 Grassmann numbers25528.2 Coherent states for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions257Exercises258VII Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 28 Grassmann numbers: coherent states | |
| 28.1Coherent states for fermions25728.2Coherent states for fermions25728.3The path integral for fermions257Exercises258VIITopological ideas25929Topological objects26029.1What is topology?26029.2Kinks262 | and the path integral for fermions | 255 |
| 28.3 The path integral for fermions25728.3 The path integral for fermions257Exercises258VII Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 28.1 Grassmann numbers | 255 |
| Exercises251Exercises258VII Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 28.2 Coherent states for fermions | 257 |
| VII Topological ideas25929 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | 28.3 The path integral for fermions | 257 |
| VIITopological ideas25929Topological objects26029.1What is topology?26029.2Kinks262 | | 258 |
| 29 Topological objects26029.1 What is topology?26029.2 Kinks262 | | 259 |
| 29.1 What is topology? 260 29.2 Kinks 262 | | |
| 29.2 Kinks 262 | | |
| | | |
| | 29.3 Vortices | 262 |
| Exercises 266 | | |

| 30 | Top | ological field theory | 267 |
|----|------|--|-----|
| | 30.1 | Fractional statistics à la Wilczek: | |
| | | the strange case of anyons | 267 |
| | 30.2 | Chern–Simons theory | 269 |
| | 30.3 | Fractional statistics from Chern–Simons theory | 271 |
| | Exer | rcises | 272 |
| | | | |
| V | III | Renormalization: taming the infinite | 273 |
| 31 | Ren | ormalization, quasiparticles and the Fermi surface | 274 |
| | | Recap: interacting and non-interacting theories | 274 |
| | | Quasiparticles | 276 |
| | | The propagator for a dressed particle | 277 |
| | | Elementary quasiparticles in a metal | 279 |
| | | The Landau Fermi liquid | 280 |
| | | rcises | 284 |
| | | | |
| 32 | Ren | ormalization: the problem and its solution | 285 |
| | 32.1 | The problem is divergences | 285 |
| | 32.2 | The solution is counterterms | 287 |
| | 32.3 | How to tame an integral | 288 |
| | 32.4 | What counterterms mean | 290 |
| | 32.5 | Making renormalization even simpler | 292 |
| | 32.6 | Which theories are renormalizable? | 293 |
| | Exer | rcises | 294 |
| 22 | Don | ormalization in action: | |
| 99 | | | 205 |
| | | pagators and Feynman diagrams | 295 |
| | 33.1 | How interactions change the propagator in perturbation | 005 |
| | 00.0 | theory | 295 |
| | | The role of counterterms: renormalization conditions | 297 |
| | | The vertex function | 298 |
| | Exer | cises | 300 |
| 34 | The | renormalization group | 302 |
| | | The problem | 302 |
| | | Flows in parameter space | 304 |
| | | The renormalization group method | 305 |
| | | Application 1: asymptotic freedom | 307 |
| | | Application 2: Anderson localization | 308 |
| | | Application 3: the Kosterlitz–Thouless transition | 309 |
| | | cises | |
| | Exer | cises | 312 |
| 35 | Ferr | omagnetism: a renormalization group tutorial | 313 |
| | | Background: critical phenomena and scaling | 313 |
| | | The ferromagnetic transition and critical phenomena | 315 |
| | Exer | - | 320 |
| | | | |

| IX | Putting a spin on QFT | 321 |
|---------|---|-----|
| 36 | he Dirac equation | 322 |
| | 5.1 The Dirac equation | 322 |
| | 5.2 Massless particles: left- and right-handed wave functions | 323 |
| | 5.3 Dirac and Weyl spinors | 327 |
| | 6.4 Basis states for superpositions | 330 |
| | 5.5 The non-relativistic limit of the Dirac equation | 332 |
| | xercises | 334 |
| 37 | low to transform a spinor | 336 |
| | 7.1 Spinors aren't vectors | 336 |
| | 7.2 Rotating spinors | 337 |
| | 7.3 Boosting spinors | 337 |
| | 7.4 Why are there four components in the Dirac equation? | 339 |
| | xercises | 340 |
| 38 | he quantum Dirac field | 341 |
| | 3.1 Canonical quantization and Noether current | 341 |
| | 8.2 The fermion propagator | 343 |
| | 8.3 Feynman rules and scattering | 345 |
| | 8.4 Local symmetry and a gauge theory for fermions | 346 |
| | xercises | 347 |
| 39 | rough guide to quantum electrodynamics | 348 |
| | 0.1 Quantum light and the photon propagator | 348 |
| | 0.2 Feynman rules and a first QED process | 349 |
| | 0.3 Gauge invariance in QED | 351 |
| | xercises | 353 |
| 40 | ED scattering: three famous cross-sections | 355 |
| | 0.1 Example 1: Rutherford scattering | 355 |
| | 0.2 Example 2: Spin sums and the Mott formula | 356 |
| | 0.3 Example 3: Compton scattering | 357 |
| | 0.4 Crossing symmetry | 358 |
| | xercises | 000 |
| 41 | he renormalization of QED and two great results | |
| | 1.1 Renormalizing the photon propagator: dielectric vacuum | 361 |
| | 1.2 The renormalization group and the electric charge | 364 |
| | 1.3 Vertex corrections and the electron <i>g</i> -factor | 365 |
| | xercises | 368 |
| 4.34 | 7.1 The symmetries of Nature before symmetry breaking | |
| X of | Some applications from the world ondensed matter | |
| OI | | 009 |
| 42 | uperfluids | 370 |
| | 2.1 Bogoliubov's hunting license | 370 |

| | 42.2 Bogoliubov's transformation | |
|----|--|------------|
| | 42.3 Superfluids and fields | 374 377 |
| | 42.4 The current in a superfluid Exercises | 379 |
| | Exercises | 519 |
| 43 | The many-body problem and the metal | 380 |
| | 43.1 Mean-field theory | 380 |
| | 43.2 The Hartree–Fock ground state energy of a metal | 383 |
| | 43.3 Excitations in the mean-field approximation | 386 |
| | 43.4 Electrons and holes | 388 |
| | 43.5 Finding the excitations with propagators | 389 |
| | 43.6 Ground states and excitations | 390 |
| | 43.7 The random phase approximation | 393 |
| | Exercises | 398 |
| | | |
| 44 | Superconductors | 400 |
| | 44.1 A model of a superconductor | 400 |
| | 44.2 The ground state is made of Cooper pairs | 402 |
| | 44.3 Ground state energy | 403 |
| | 44.4 The quasiparticles are bogolons | 405 |
| | 44.5 Broken symmetry | 406 |
| | 44.6 Field theory of a charged superfluid | 407 |
| | Exercises | 409 |
| 45 | The fractional quantum Hall fluid | 411 |
| | 45.1 Magnetic translations | |
| | 45.2 Landau Levels | |
| | 45.3 The integer quantum Hall effect | |
| | 45.4 The fractional quantum Hall effect | 417 |
| | Exercises | 421 |
| | | |
| X | | |
| of | particle physics | 423 |
| 46 | Non-abelian gauge theory | 424 |
| | 46.1 Abelian gauge theory revisited | 424 |
| | 46.2 Yang–Mills theory | |
| | 10.0 | 428 |
| | 46.4 Breaking symmetry with a non-abelian gauge theory | 430 |
| | | 432 |
| 47 | The Weinberg–Salam model | 433 |
| | 47.1 The symmetries of Nature before symmetry breaking | 434 |
| | 47.2 Introducing the Higgs field | |
| | 47.3 Symmetry breaking the Higgs field | |
| | 47.4 The origin of electron mass | 439 |
| | 47.5 The photon and the gauge bosons | |
| | Exercises | |
| | | 110 |

| 48 | Majorana fermions | 444 |
|----|---|-----|
| | 48.1 The Majorana solution | 444 |
| | 48.2 Field operators | 446 |
| | 48.3 Majorana mass and charge | 447 |
| | Exercises | 450 |
| 49 | Magnetic monopoles | 451 |
| | 49.1 Dirac's monopole and the Dirac string | 451 |
| | 49.2 The 't Hooft–Polyakov monopole | 453 |
| | Exercises | 456 |
| 50 | Instantons, tunnelling and the end of the world | 457 |
| | 50.1 Instantons in quantum particle mechanics | 458 |
| | 50.2 A particle in a potential well | 459 |
| | 50.3 A particle in a double well | 460 |
| | 50.4 The fate of the false vacuum | 463 |
| | Exercises | 466 |
| | | |
| A | Further reading | 467 |
| в | Useful complex analysis | 473 |
| | B.1 What is an analytic function? | 473 |
| | B.2 What is a pole? | 474 |
| | B.3 How to find a residue | 474 |
| | B.4 Three rules of contour integrals | 475 |
| | B.5 What is a branch cut? | 477 |
| | B.6 The principal value of an integral | 478 |
| | | |

Index