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Abstract. A monograph of the Madagascan endemic genus Physodeutera Lacordaire, 1843, (Coleoptera, Cicindelidae) is presented. More than 2400 specimens including relevant type material were examined. As a result of the revision, the monograph basically maintains the last infrageneric classification of the genus as given by Rivalier (1967), but modified to reflect new results, which includes establishment of an additional subgenus. The present monograph distinguishes 65 species with six subspecies arranged into eight subgenera. The subgenera are as follows: Homospila Rivalier, 1967, Coeliphora Rivalier, 1967, Axinomera Jeannel, 1946, Microlepidia Rivalier, 1967, Toxoma Rivalier, 1967, Diarrhiza Jeannel, 1946, Physodeutera s. str. and newly described Minideutera subgen. n. Seven new species, Ph. (Coeliphora) taniae sp. n., Ph. (Toxoma) conturbata sp. n., Ph. (Diarrhiza) ranomafanensis sp. n., Ph. (Ph.) consimilis sp. n., Ph. (Ph.) truncatipenis sp. n., Ph. (Ph.) cassolai sp. n. and Ph. (Ph.) subrufosignata sp. n., are described here. Physodeutera (Diarrhiza) perrieri Rivalier, 1967 stat. n. is classified as a subspecies of Ph. (Ph.) pokornyi (Mařan, 1942). Three subspecies are reinstated as separate species: Ph. (Toxoma) breviformis (W. Horn, 1904) stat. rediv., Ph. (T.) dubia (Mařan, 1942) stat. rediv., and Ph. (Ph.) komorousi (Mařan, 1942) stat. rediv. In addition, Ph. (Ph.) minima apicesignata Moravec, 1998 is regarded as a distinct species, Ph. (Minideutera) apicesignata Moravec, 1998 stat. n. Furthermore, Ph. (Ph.) flammigera Rivalier, 1967 syn. n. is considered a junior synonym of Ph. (Ph.) parcepunctata (Jeannel, 1946) and Ph. (Ph.) intermedia Rivalier, 1967 syn. n. a junior synonym of Ph. (Ph.) adonis (Laporte de Castelnau, 1835). Six originally infraspecific taxa, Ph. (A.) flagellicornis perfecta Rivalier, 1967 syn. n., Ph. (Ph.) rufosignata anale Jeannel, 1946 syn. n., Ph. (Ph.) r. nigrescens Jeannel, 1946 syn. n., Ph. (Ph.) r. obsoleta Rivalier, 1967 syn. n., Ph. (Ph.) r. imitator Rivalier, 1967 syn. n., and Ph. (Ph.) fairmairei haini (Mařan, 1942) syn. n. are considered merely synonyms. The introductory part comprises chapters on the history of the taxonomy and nomenclature of Physodeutera, its biology and distribution in Madagascar including the behaviour of adults supplemented with the author's own experience obtained in the course of five excursions to different areas of Madagascar, history of the research, relations with other genera, detailed morphology, material and methods. The dichotomous key to subgenera and keys to species of each subgenus are compiled. Each species is described in detail and illustrated with original line drawings of important characters and colour photographs.