

CONTENTS

10 ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

12 PREFACE

1. Japanese Invasion of Korea in the Late 19th Century
2. Development of the Independence Movement
3. The Ideology of the Independence Movement
4. The Characteristics and Meaning of the Independence Movement

CHAPTER 1

THE MOVEMENT TO RESTORE NATIONAL SOVEREIGNTY AT THE END OF THE JOSEON DYNASTY

- 26 1. The Japanese Invasion and the Korean Response at the End of the 19th Century
 - 1) The West Moving East and the Korean Response at the End of the 19th Century
 - 2) The Anti-Feudal and Anti-Invasion Movement and the Movement to Establish a Nation-State
- 41 2. The Japanese Invasion and the Establishment of the Japanese Residency-General
 - 1) The Russo-Japanese War and the Conclusion of the Eulsa (1905) Treaty
 - 2) The Forced Abdication of Emperor Gojong and Dissolution of the Army
- 49 3. The Development of the Movement to Recover National Sovereignty
 - 1) The Reconstitution and Expansion of Righteous Armies
 - 2) The Patriotic Enlightenment Movement
 - 3) The Heroic Struggles

CHAPTER **2** | THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT AND
THE MARCH FIRST MOVEMENT

76 1. Forced Annexation and the Establishment of Colonial Rule by the Japanese

- 1) Forced Annexation by the Japanese Empire
- 2) Military Dictatorial Rule
- 3) Establishment of a Colonial Economic System
- 4) Colonial Religious Policies and the “Case of the One Hundred Five”

90 2. Opposition to Forced Annexation and Independence Movements Inside and
Outside of Korea

- 1) The Struggle of Overseas Koreans Against Forced Annexation
- 2) The Secret Society Movement within Korea
- 3) Building Overseas Bases for the Independence Movement
- 4) The Spread of Republicanism and Seeking International Solidarity

118 3. The 3·1 Movement

- 1) The Paris Peace Conference and the 2·8 Independence Declaration
- 2) The Declaration of Independence and Manse Demonstrations in Korea
- 3) The Declaration of Independence and Demonstration Movements by Overseas Koreans
- 4) The Significance and Consequences of the 3·1 Movement

-
- 142** 1. The Establishment of the Korean Provisional Government and Overseas Independence Movements
- 1) The Reorganization of the World Order After the First World War
 - 2) The Establishment of the Korean Provisional Government and Its Activities
 - 3) Armed Independence Struggles and Patriotic Struggles
- 172** 2. Acceptance of Socialism and the Division of the National Movement
- 1) The Cultural Policy of the Japanese Empire and the Washington Conference
 - 2) The Rise of the Movement to Cultivate Capability
 - 3) Acceptance of Socialism and the Establishment of the Party Organization
- 189** 3. Anti-Imperial Nation's Allied War Front And Mass Movements
- 1) The Overseas Movement to Establish a Single National Party
 - 2) The Movement toward A National Cooperation Front in Korea
 - 3) The Growth of the Mass Movements
- 215** 4. The Japanese Invasion of Manchuria and Organizing the Battles Lines of the Independence Movement
- 1) The Japanese Invasion of Manchuria and the Colonial Stabilization Policy
 - 2) The Intensification of Public Movements and the Development of the National Culture Movement
 - 3) Organizing the Battles Lines of the Overseas Independence Movement

246 1. Outbreak of the Sino-Japanese War

- 1) Outbreak of the Sino-Japanese War and Suffering in the Korean Peninsula
- 2) The Trend of Independence Movement Groups In And Out of the Country
- 3) The Formation of Armed Groups

264 2. The Outbreak of The Pacific War and the Expansion of the War with Japan

- 1) The Outbreak of the Pacific War and Mobilization of the Japanese Empire
- 2) The Independence Movement Inside and Outside of the Peninsula
- 3) Concentration of Independence Movement Powers to the Provisional Government
- 4) Warring Against Japan and Undertaking Diplomatic Activities

293 3. Preparations for Korean Independence and the 8·15 Liberation

- 1) Preparations for Korean Independence
- 2) Forming Connections Between Independence Movements Inside and Outside the Peninsula
- 3) The 8·15 Liberation