Con	tents		
	Practice problems 0.68 seen stationate dia 2 alornex3		
	Preface xxi		
	About the authors xxv		
	Acknowledgments xxvi		
	SaplingPlus for statistics xxviii		
	Online resources for students xxix		
PART 1	INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICS		
1	Proportions 82		
1.	1.1 What is statistics? 1		
	1.2 Sampling populations 3		
	Example 1.2: Raining cats 3		
	1.3 Types of data and variables 11		
	1.4 Frequency distributions and probability distributions 13		
	1.5 Types of studies 15		
	1.6 Summary 17		
	Practice problems 18		
	Assignment problems 20		
INTERLEAF 1	Correlation does not require causation 24		
2	Displaying data 27		
2.	2.1 Guidelines for effective graphs 28		
	2.2 Showing data for one variable 32		
	Example 2.2A: Crouching tiger 33		
	Example 2.2B: Effects of Zika virus infection on fetuses 3	6	
	2.3 Showing association between two variables and difference	es bet	ween
	groups 39		
	Example 2.3A: Reproductive effort and avian malaria 40		
	2.4 Showing trends in time and space 44		
	2.5 How to make good tables 48		

xi

	2.6 2.7	How to make data files 50 Summary 52 Practice problems 53 Assignment problems 59	
3.	Descr 3.1	ribing data 65 Arithmetic mean and standard deviation 66 Example 3.1: Gliding snakes 66	
	3.2	Median and interquartile range73Example 3.2: I'd give my right arm for a female74	
	3.3	How measures of location and spread compare 77 Example 3.3: Disarming fish 77	
	3.4	Cumulative frequency distribution 80	
	3.5	Proportions 82	
	3.6	Summary 83	
	3.7	Quick formula summary 84	
		Practice problems 85	
		Assignment problems 90	
4.	Estim	ating with uncertainty 97	
	4.1	The sampling distribution of an estimate 98	
		Example 4.1: The length of human genes 98	
	4.2	Measuring the uncertainty of an estimate 103	
	4.3	Confidence intervals 104	
	4.4	Error bars 107	
	4.5	Summary 109	
	4.6	Quick formula summary 109	
		Practice problems 110	
		Assignment problems 112 and an an an an an and a set of a	
INTERLEAF 2	Pseud	doreplication 117	
5.	Proba	ability 119	
	5.1	The probability of an event 119	
	5.2	Venn diagrams 121	
	5.3	Mutually exclusive events 122	
	5.4	Probability distributions 122	
	5.5	Either this or that: adding probabilities 125	2.5

	5.6 Independence and the multiplication rule 128	
	Example 5.6A: Smoking and high blood pressure 129	
	Example 5.6B: Mendel's peas 130 mars and blow of the second secon	
	5.7 Probability trees 131	
	Example 5.7: Sex and birth order 131	
	5.8 Dependent events 133 Example 5.8: Is this meat taken? 133	
	5.9 Conditional probability and Bayes' theorem 135 Example 5.9: Detection of Down syndrome 139	
	5.10 Summary 140	
	Practice problems 141	
	Assignment problems 146	
6.	Hypothesis testing 151 and tend to essor at mobiles	
	6.1 Making and using statistical hypotheses 152	
	6.2 Hypothesis testing: an example 155	
	Example 6.2: The right hand of toad 155	
	6.3 Errors in hypothesis testing 161	
	6.4 When the null hypothesis is not rejected 163	
	Example 6.4: The genetics of mirror-image flowers 163	
	6.5 One-sided tests 166	
	6.6 Hypothesis testing versus confidence intervals 168	
	6.7 Summary 169	
	Accimpant problems 170	
	Assignment problems 172	
INTERLEAF 3	Why statistical significance is not the same as biological importance 177	wation 314
PART 2	PROPORTIONS AND FREQUENCIES	
7.	Analyzing proportions 179	
	7.1 The binomial distribution 180	
	7.2 Testing a proportion: the binomial test 185	
	Example 7.2: Sex and the X 185	
	7.3 Estimating proportions 188	
	Example 7.3: She-turtles 189	
·		

	 7.4 Deriving the binomial distribution 191 7.5 Summary 192 7.6 Quick formula summary 192
	Practice problems 194 Assignment problems 198
INTERLEAF 4	Biology and the history of statistics 201
8.	Fitting probability models to frequency data 2038.1χ² Goodness-of-fit test: the proportional model 204Example 8.1: No weekend getaway 204
	8.2 Assumptions of the χ^2 goodness-of-fit test 212
	8.3 Goodness-of-fit tests when there are only two categories 213 Example 8.3: Gene content of the human X chromosome 213
	8.4 Random in space or time: the Poisson distribution 215 Example 8.4: Mass extinctions 217
	8.5 Summary 221
	8.6 Quick formula summary 222 Practice problems 223
	Assignment problems 225
INTERLEAF 5	Making a plan 231
9.	Contingency analysis: Associations between categorical variables 233
	9.1 Associating two categorical variables 234
	9.2 Estimating association in 2 × 2 tables: relative risk 234 Example 9.2: Take two aspirin and call me in the morning? 235
	9.3 Estimating association in 2 × 2 tables: the odds ratio 237 Example 9.3: Your litter box and your brain 241
	9.4 The χ^2 contingency test 243 Example 9.4: The gnarly worm gets the bird 244
	9.5 Fisher's exact test 250 Example 9.5: The feeding habits of vampire bats 250
	9.6 Summary 252
	9.7 Quick formula summary 253
	Practice problems 254
	Assignment problems 259
	Review Problems 1 267

PART 3	сом	PARING NUMERICAL VALUES		
10.	The ne	ormal distribution 273		
	10.1	Bell-shaped curves and the normal distribution 274		
	10.2	The formula for the normal distribution 276		
	10.3	Properties of the normal distribution 277		
	10.4	The standard normal distribution and statistical tables	278	
		Example 10.4: One small step for man? 281		
	10.5	The normal distribution of sample means 283		
	10.6	Central limit theorem 286 ac amaldong the magicaA		
		Example 10.6: Young adults and the Spanish flu 286		
	10.7	Normal approximation to the binomial distribution 289		
		Example 10.7: The only good bug is a dead bug 289		
	10.8	Summary 292		
	10.9	Quick formula summary 293		
		Practice problems 293		
		Assignment problems 297		
INTERLEAF 6	Contro	ols in medical studies 300		
11.	Infere	nce for a normal population 303		
	11.1	The <i>t</i> -distribution for sample means 304		
	11.2	The confidence interval for the mean of a normal distribu	tion	307
		Example 11.2: Eye to eye 307		
	11.3	The one-sample <i>t</i> -test 310		
		Example 11.3: Human body temperature 310		
	11.4	Assumptions of the one-sample <i>t</i> -test 314		
	11.5	Estimating the standard deviation and variance of a normal p	populat	ion 314
	11.6	Summary 317		
	11.7	Quick formula summary 317		
		Practice problems 318		
		Assignment problems 321		
12.	Comp	aring two means 327		
	12.1	Paired sample versus two independent samples 328		
	12.2	Paired comparison of means 329		
		Example 12.2: So macho it makes you sick? 330		
	12.3	Two-sample comparison of means335Example 12.3: Spike or be spiked335		

Contents	
----------	--

	12.4	Using the correct sampling units 342		
	7.5	Example 12.4: So long; thanks to all the fish 342		
	12.5	The fallacy of indirect comparison 345		
	10.0	Example 12.5: Mommy's baby, baddy's maybe 345		
	12.6	Interpreting overlap of confidence intervals 347		
	12.7	Summary 340		
	12.0	Quick formula summary 350		
	12.7	Practice problems 354		
		Assignment problems 361		
INTERLEAF 7	Whic	h test should I use? 368		
13	Hand	ling violations of assumptions 371		
1.5.	13.1	Detecting deviations from normality 372		
	19.1	Example 13.1: The benefits of marine reserves 375		
	13.2	When to ignore violations of assumptions 377		
	13.3	Data transformations 378		
	13.4	Nonparametric alternatives to one-sample and paired <i>t</i> -t Example 13.4: Sexual conflict and the origin of new spec	ests 3	384 35
	13.5	Comparing two groups: the Mann–Whitney <i>U</i> -test 388 Example 13.5: Sexual cannibalism in sagebrush crickets	389	
	13.6	Assumptions of nonparametric tests 393	C PP	
	13.7	Type I and Type II error rates of nonparametric methods	394	
	13.8	Permutation tests 395		
	13.9	Summary 399		
	13.10	Quick formula summary 400		
		Practice problems 402		
-		Assignment problems 410		
	Revie	w Problems 2 421 421	11.7.	
14.	Desig	ning experiments 427		
	14.1	Lessons from clinical trials 428		
		Example 14.1: Reducing HIV transmission 428		
	14.2			
	410	How to reduce bias 430		
	14.3	How to reduce bias 430 How to reduce the influence of sampling error 433		
	14.3	How to reduce bias 430 How to reduce the influence of sampling error 433 Example 14.3A: Holey waters 438		
	14.3	How to reduce bias 430 How to reduce the influence of sampling error 433 Example 14.3A: Holey waters 438 Example 14.3B: Plastic hormones 439	12.2 12.3	

*

	14.4	Experiments with more than one factor 440
	145	What if you can't do experimente? (42)
	14.5	Choosing a sample size 444
	14.0	Choosing a sample size 444
	14.7	Quick formula cummany 440
	14.0	Practice problems 452
		Assignment problems 455
INTERLEAF 8	Data	dredging 459
15.	Com	paring means of more than two groups 463
	15.1	The analysis of variance 464
		Example 15.1: The knees who say night 464
	15.2	Assumptions and alternatives 474
	15.3	Planned comparisons 475
	15.4	Unplanned comparisons 477
		Example 15.4: Wood wide web 478
	15.5	Fixed and random effects 481
	15.6	ANOVA with randomly chosen groups 482
		Example 15.6: Walking-stick limbs 482
	15.7	Summary 486
	15.8	Quick formula summary 487
		Practice problems 490
		Assignment problems 497
INTERLEAF 9	Expe	rimental and statistical mistakes 505
PART 4	REG	RESSION AND CORRELATION
16	Corre	lation between numerical variables 507
10.	16.1	Estimating a linear correlation coefficient 508
	16.2	Testing the null hypothesis of zero correlation 514 Example 16.2: What big inbreeding coefficients you have 514
	16.3	Assumptions 517
	16.4	The correlation coefficient depends on the range 518

	16.5 Spearman's rank correlation 519 Example 16.5: The miracles of memory 520
	16.6 The effects of measurement error on correlation 523
	16.7 Summary 524
	16.8 Quick formula summary 525
	Practice problems 528
	Assignment problems 533
INTERLEAF 10	Publication bias 540
17.	Regression 545
	17.1 Linear regression 546
	Example 17.1: The lion's nose 546
	17.2 Confidence in predictions 554
	17.3 Testing hypotheses about a slope 556
	Example 17.3: Prairie Home Campion 557
	17.4 Regression toward the mean 560
	17.5 Assumptions of regression 562
	17.6 Transformations 566
	17.7 The effects of measurement error on regression 568
	17.8 Regression with nonlinear relationships 569
	Example 17.8: The incredible shrinking seal 571
	17.9 Logistic regression: fitting a binary response variable 572
	17.10 Summary 576
	17.11 Quick formula summary 577
	Practice problems 581
	Assignment problems 566
INTERLEAF 11	Meta-analysis 598
	Review Problems 3 601
	MODERN STATISTICAL METHODS
PART J	MODERN STATISTICAL METHODS
18.	Analyzing multiple factors 609
	18.1 ANOVA and linear regression are linear models 610
	18.2 Analyzing experiments with blocking 615
	Example 18.2: Zooplankton depredation 616

xviii

xix

	18.3 Analyzing factorial designs 618 Example 18.3: Interaction zone 619
	18.4 Adjusting for the effects of a covariate 623 Example 18.4: Mole-rat layabouts 624
	 18.5 Assumptions of linear models 627 18.6 Summary 629
	Practice problems 630 Assignment problems 633
INTERLEAF 12	Using species as data points 639
19.	Computer-intensive methods 643 19.1 Hypothesis testing using simulation 644 Example 19.1: How did he know? The non-randomness of haphazard
	choice 644 19.2 Bootstrap standard errors and confidence intervals 647 Example 19.2: The language center in chimps' brains 648
	19.3 Summary 654 Practice problems 655 Assignment problems 659
20.	Likelihood 663 20.1 What is likelihood? 664 20.2 Two uses of likelihood in biology 665 20.3 Maximum likelihood estimation 667 Example 20.3: Unruly passengers 667
	20.4 Versatility of maximum likelihood estimation 672 Example 20.4: Conservation scoop 673
	20.5 Log-likelihood ratio test 67620.6 Summary 678
	20.7 Quick formula summary 679 Practice problems 680 Assignment problems 684
21.	Survival analysis 687

Example 21.1: Ebola outbreak 689

xxd

21.2	Compare survival curves 694 Example 21.2: Tumor genetics 694		
21.3	Summary 701 Quick formula summary 701		
21.4	Practice problems 702 Assignment problems 706		
Statis	stical tables 711 Using statistical tables 711 Statistical Table A: The χ^2 distribution 713 Statistical Table B: The standard normal (<i>Z</i>) distribution Statistical Table C: Student's <i>t</i> -distribution 718 Statistical Table D: The <i>F</i> -distribution 721 Statistical Table E: Mann–Whitney <i>U</i> -distribution 728 Statistical Table F: Tukey–Kramer <i>q</i> -distribution 730 Statistical Table G: Critical values for the Spearman's rank correlation 732	716	
Answ	vers to practice problems 755		
Index	908 x what is likelihood? 664 Two uses of likelihood? 664 Maximum likelihood estimation, 667 Example 20.3: Unruly passengers 667 Versatility of maximum likelihood estimation, 67 Example 20.4: Conservation scoop 673		
	Log-likelihood ratio test676862aiaylana-'Summary678100666Quick formula summary679Practice problems680JADITZITATZ NAJCAssignment problems683arothat eloitlum print		
	vivaPanalysipm 68711 era noizzerger reenil bna AVONA Survival curved 68833010 ntiw znemireqxe gnisylanA Example 2121: Eb019 outplear/1689:005 : 5.81 eignexe		