Table of contents

| Plenary session | |
|---|-----|
| How close is close enough? | 1 |
| Soil electrical conductivity | |
| Stability of patterns of apparent electrical conductivity in dry versus wet soil conditions | 3 |
| Comparison of apparent electrical conductivity measurements on a paddy field under flooded | 4. |
| and drained conditions | |
| Water Supply and Soil Textures Influence Corn Response to In-Season Nitrogen Rates: A Study Using Spatially Variable Irrigation | 5 |
| FloSSy: A floating sensing system to evaluate soil variability of flooded paddy fields | 60 |
| Remote sensing | |
| Monitoring corn nitrogen variability by remote sensing data | 69 |
| Airborne thermography of discontinuous canopy like vines: effect of the atmosphere and mixed pixels on the temperature of the canopy | 75 |
| Hyperspectral waveband selection for detecting floral pear buds | 90 |
| Hyper-spectral and thermal images for evaluating nitrogen and water status in potato fields | 99 |
| Image analysis | |
| Application of Color Indices and Canopy Cover Derived from Digital Camera Image Analysis to Estimation of Growth Parameters of Rice Canopy | 111 |
| Green citrus detection using Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) leakage | 122 |
| A novel algorithm to recognize and locate pomegranate on the tree for the harvesting robot using stereo vision system | 133 |
| Estimating quality and quantity of new shoots for green tea in field using ground-based hyperspectral image | 143 |
| Management zones | |
| Zoning of agricultural field using a fuzzy indicator model | 157 |
| Delineation of homogeneous field zones based on soil fertility indices in a durum wheat - chickpea rotation | 164 |
| simulating the influence of crop spatial pattern on canola yield | 180 |
| Management zones delineation using fuzzy clustering techniques in vines | 191 |
| Veed & disease (1) | |
| Measuring yield effect of weeds and herbicide application in small annual grains and naize using the Precision Experimental Design | 203 |
| Drange yield and plant gaps mapping caused by diseases | 213 |
| racing boundaries of weed microplants growing on cultivation medium | 222 |
| lassifying cruciferous weeds in cereal and legume crops using discriminant analysis | 234 |

| Weed & disease (2) | |
|--|--------|
| Comparison of Aerial and Quickbird image for mapping cruciferous weeds | 245 |
| Economic feasibility of site-specific management of Sorghum halepense in maize fields | 256 |
| in Spain Hyperspectral imaging of foliar sugar beet diseases and automatic classification by the | 264 |
| Spectral Angle Mapper algorithm | |
| Soil variability | 275 |
| Characterization and Quantification of Spatial Variability of Soil Properties and Fruit Yield in Wild Blueberry Field | |
| Case studies on the accuracy of soil pH and lime requirement maps | 289 |
| Are precision agriculture tools and methods relevant at the whole-vineyard scale? | 302 |
| Swiss Controlled Traffic Farming Trial – Preliminary Results 2008-2010 | 312 |
| Crop nitrogen | 327 |
| Crop nitrogen level identification and yield estimation of common bean crop using multi- and hyper-spectral vegetation indices | |
| Evaluation of plants nitrogen status by colorimetric characteristics of crop canopy presented in digital images | 341 |
| Evaluation of Variable Rate Fertilization Technology with the help of geospatial | 352 |
| processing programs NDVI response of cotton to nitrogen application rates in Georgia, USA | 358 |
| Technology | 251 |
| Evaluating the need for an active depth-control system in direct seeding in Portugal | 371 |
| Multi-robots formation in outdoor environments | 382 |
| Analysis of load displacement in grape harvesters and corresponding effect on dynamic | 390 |
| Round balers with variable chamber and possibility for straw and forage yield mapping | 400 |
| Economics & modelling | - 52.4 |
| Optimizing routes on agricultural fields minimizing maneuvering and servicing time | 411 |
| A waypoint-based mission planner for farmland coverage with an aerial robot - A precision farming tool | 427 |
| Modeling spatial data for precision agriculture and remote sensing | 437 |
| Determination of machinery performance for random and controlled traffic farming | 449 |
| Sensor performance | 450 |
| Combining on-the-go soil sensing and a wireless sensor network to increase irrigation water use efficiency | 459 |
| Active-Crop Sensor Calibration Using the Virtual-Reference Concept | 469 |
| Impact of individual sensor performance when array sensor number is reduced | 480 |
| Competence center SenGIS – exploring methods for multisensor data acquisition and | 49 |

| Crop sensors | |
|---|-----|
| Crop-Canopy Sensors for In-Season Nitrogen Management of Irrigated Maize | 503 |
| Comparison of two active remote canopy sensors to develop N fertilizer algorithms | 514 |
| Detecting abiotic stress in soybean with a proximal canopy sensor | 523 |
| Active remote sensing for rapid evaluation of apparent nitrogen use efficiency in winter wheat (Triticum aestivum L.) genotypes | 533 |
| Soil & quality sensors | |
| Multiplex*: An innovative optical sensor for diagnosis, mapping and management of nitrogen on wheat | 547 |
| Predicting lime requirements by fusion of proximal soil sensors | 562 |
| Using a fluorescence proximal sensor to study spatial variability of grape phenols in a Tempranillo vineyard | 577 |
| On-the-go soil sensing and the future of precision agriculture - Results of field measurement in UK farms | 585 |
| Yield variability | |
| Modeling systems, not factors, in cropping systems experiments | 595 |
| The relationship of topography and yield in relation to weather conditions | 606 |
| Yield prediction in a commercial apple orchard by analyzing digital and multispectral images of trees during flowering period | 617 |
| Online measurement of yield and dry matter content of wilted grass with two forage | 628 |
| harvesters - comparison with and verification of reference measurements | |
| Keyword Index | 639 |
| Author Index | 642 |