

Contents

In Memoriam

Preface to the First Edition

Preface to the Second Edition

Preface to the Third Edition

Preface to the Fourth Edition

Preface to the Fifth Edition

List of Examples

1 Remote Sensing: Basic Principles

- 1.1 Introduction
- 1.2 Electromagnetic Radiation and Its Properties
 - 1.2.1 Terminology
 - 1.2.2 Nature of Electromagnetic Radiation
 - 1.2.3 The Electromagnetic Spectrum
 - 1.2.4 Sources of Electromagnetic Radiation
 - 1.2.5 Interactions with the Earth's Atmosphere
- 1.3 Interaction with Earth Surface Materials
 - 1.3.1 Introduction
 - 1.3.2 Spectral Reflectance of Earth Surface Materials
- 1.4 Summary
- References

2 Remote Sensing Platforms and Sensors

- 2.1 Introduction
- 2.2 Characteristics of Imaging Remote Sensing Instruments
 - 2.2.1 Spatial Resolution
 - 2.2.2 Spectral Resolution
 - 2.2.3 Radiometric Resolution
- 2.3 Optical, Near-infrared, and Thermal Imaging Sensors
 - 2.3.1 Along-track Scanning Radiometer (ATSR)
 - 2.3.2 Advanced Very High Resolution Radiometer (AVHRR) and Visible Infrared Imager Radiometer Suite (VIIRS)
 - 2.3.3 MODIS (MODerate Resolution Imaging Spectrometer)
 - 2.3.4 Ocean Observing Instruments
 - 2.3.5 IRS LISS
 - 2.3.6 Landsat Instruments
 - 2.3.7 SPOT Sensors
 - 2.3.8 Advanced Spaceborne Thermal Emission and Reflection Radiometer (ASTER)
 - 2.3.9 ESA Sentinel Programme
 - 2.3.10 High-resolution Commercial and Small Satellite Systems

ix
xi
xiii
xvii
xix
xxi
xxiii
1
1
5
5
6
6
7
14
16
18
18
20
27
27
31
31
34
34
34
37
39
42
42
44
44
48
48
53
55
58
59

2.4	Microwave Imaging Sensors	62
2.4.1	European Space Agency Synthetic Aperture Spaceborne Radars	66
2.4.2	Radarsat	67
2.4.3	TerraSAR-X and COSMO-SkyMed	68
2.4.4	ALOS PALSAR	69
2.4.5	Sentinel-1 SAR	70
2.5	Summary	70
	References	70
3	Preprocessing of Remotely Sensed Data	75
3.1	Introduction	75
3.2	Cosmetic Operations	76
3.2.1	Missing Scan Lines	77
3.2.2	De-stripping Methods	78
3.3	Geometric Correction and Registration	80
3.3.1	Orbital Geometry Model	82
3.3.2	Transformation Based on Ground Control Points	84
3.3.3	Resampling Procedures	94
3.3.4	Image Registration	97
3.3.5	Other Geometric Correction Methods	97
3.4	Atmospheric Correction	98
3.4.1	Background	98
3.4.2	Image-based Methods	99
3.4.3	Radiative Transfer Model	100
3.4.4	Empirical Line Method	101
3.5	Illumination and View Angle Effects	102
3.6	Sensor Calibration	103
3.7	Terrain Effects	108
3.8	Summary	109
	References	109
4	Image Enhancement Techniques	117
4.1	Introduction	117
4.2	Human Visual System	118
4.3	Contrast Enhancement	120
4.3.1	Linear Contrast Stretch	120
4.3.2	Histogram Equalisation	121
4.3.3	Gaussian Stretch	129
4.4	Pseudocolour Enhancement	133
4.4.1	Density Slicing	133
4.4.2	Pseudocolour Transform	134
4.5	Summary	137
	References	137
5	Image Transforms	139
5.1	Introduction	139
5.2	Arithmetic Operations	140
5.2.1	Image Addition	141
5.2.2	Image Subtraction	141
5.2.3	Image Multiplication	142
5.2.4	Image Division and Vegetation Indices	143
5.3	Empirically Based Image Transforms	148
5.3.1	Perpendicular Vegetation Index	148
5.3.2	Tasselled Cap (Kauth–Thomas) Transformation	149

5.4	Principal Component Analysis	152
5.4.1	Standard Principal Component Analysis	152
5.4.2	Noise-adjusted Principal Component Analysis	160
5.4.3	Decorrelation Stretch	162
5.5	Hue, Saturation, and Intensity (HSI) Transform	162
5.6	The Discrete Fourier Transform	164
5.6.1	Introduction	164
5.6.2	Two-dimensional Fourier Transform	166
5.6.3	Applications of the Fourier Transform	169
5.7	The Discrete Wavelet Transform	172
5.7.1	Introduction	172
5.7.2	The One-dimensional Discrete Wavelet Transform	172
5.7.3	Two-dimensional Discrete Wavelet Transform	177
5.8	Change Detection	179
5.8.1	Introduction	179
5.8.2	NDVI Difference Image	180
5.8.3	Principal Component Analysis	180
5.8.4	Canonical Correlation Change Analysis	182
5.8.5	Time Series Analysis	185
5.8.6	Summary	191
5.9	Image Fusion	191
5.9.1	Introduction	191
5.9.2	Hue, Saturation, and Intensity (HSI) Algorithm	193
5.9.3	Principal Component Analysis	193
5.9.4	Gram–Schmidt Orthogonalisation	193
5.9.5	Wavelet-based Methods	193
5.9.6	Evaluation: Subjective Methods	193
5.9.7	Evaluation: Objective Methods	196
5.10	Summary	197
	References	197
6	Filtering Techniques	205
6.1	Introduction	205
6.2	Spatial-domain Low-pass (Smoothing) Filters	206
6.2.1	Moving Average Filter	206
6.2.2	Median Filter	210
6.2.3	Adaptive Filters	212
6.3	Spatial-domain High-pass (Sharpening) Filters	215
6.3.1	Image Subtraction Method	215
6.3.2	Derivative-based Methods	216
6.4	Spatial-domain Edge Detectors	220
6.5	Frequency-domain Filters	222
6.6	Summary	228
	References	228
7	Classification	231
7.1	Introduction	231
7.2	Geometrical Basis of Classification	233
7.3	Unsupervised Classification	235
7.3.1	The k -Means Algorithm	235
7.3.2	ISODATA	236
7.3.3	A Modified k -Means Algorithm	237
7.4	Supervised Classification	242
7.4.1	Training Samples	242

7.4.2	Statistical Classifiers	247
7.4.3	Neural Classifiers	252
7.5	Subpixel Classification Techniques	259
7.5.1	The Linear Mixture Model	260
7.5.2	Spectral Angle Mapping	265
7.5.3	Independent Component Analysis	266
7.5.4	Fuzzy Classifiers	267
7.6	More Advanced Approaches to Image Classification	268
7.6.1	Support Vector Machines	268
7.6.2	Decision Trees	270
7.6.3	Other Methods of Classification	271
7.7	Incorporation of Non-spectral Features	273
7.7.1	Texture	273
7.7.2	Use of External Data	276
7.8	Contextual Information	277
7.9	Feature Selection	278
7.10	Classification Accuracy	281
7.11	Summary	284
	References	285
8	Advanced Topics	297
8.1	Introduction	297
8.2	SAR Interferometry	297
8.2.1	Basic Principles	297
8.2.2	Interferometric Processing	302
8.2.3	Problems in SAR Interferometry	304
8.2.4	Applications of SAR Interferometry	305
8.3	Imaging Spectroscopy	306
8.3.1	Introduction	306
8.3.2	Processing Imaging Spectroscopy Data	309
8.4	Lidar	327
8.4.1	Introduction	327
8.4.2	Lidar Details	330
8.4.3	Lidar Applications	332
8.5	Summary	335
	References	335
	Appendix A Computing for Remote Sensing	341
	Index	347