

Contents

Preface

vii

Chapter 1

Motion

1.1 Introduction	1
1.2 Equilibrium	2
1.3 Dynamics	4
1.4 Modeling	9
1.5 Sports Techniques	12
1.6 Prosthesis	17
1.7 Continuum Approach	18
References	28

Chapter 2

Segmental Movement and Vibrations

29

2.1 Introduction	29
2.2 Examples of Simple Vibration Systems	30
2.3 Strain Energy and the Properties of the Influence Coefficients	32
2.4 Generalized Coordinates	35
2.5 Lagrange's Equations	38
2.6 Normal Modes of Vibration	44
2.7 Decoupling of Equations of Motion	47
2.8 Muscle Forces	49
2.9 Segmental Movement and Vibrations	52
2.10 Systems with Damping and Fluid Dynamic Loads	52
2.11 Sufficient Conditions for Decoupling Equations of System with Damping	55
References	59

xi

Chapter 3

External Flow: Fluid Dynamic Forces Acting on Moving Bodies	62
3.1 Introduction	62
3.2 Flow Around an Airfoil	62
3.3 Flow Around Bluff Bodies	68
3.4 Steady-State Aeroelastic Problems	71
3.5 Transient Fluid Dynamic Forces Due to Unsteady Motion	76
3.6 Flutter	80
3.7 Kutta–Joukowski Theorem	83
3.8 The Creation of Circulation Around a Wing	87
3.9 Circulation and Vorticity in the Wake	88
3.10 Vortex System Associated with a Finite Wing in Nonstationary Motion	91
3.11 Thin Wing in Steady Flow	96
3.12 Lift Distribution on a Finite Wing	99
3.13 Drag	100
References	104

Chapter 4

Flying and Swimming	106
4.1 Introduction	106
4.2 The Conquest of the Air	106
4.3 Comparing Birds and Insects with Aircraft	109
4.4 Forward Flight of Birds and Insects	113
4.5 Hovering and Other Modes of Motion	121
4.6 Aquatic Animal Propulsion	124
4.7 Stokeslet and Dipole in a Viscous Fluid	128
4.8 Motion of Sphere, Cylinder, and Flagella in Viscous Fluid	132
4.9 Resistive-Force Theory of Flagellar Propulsion	135
4.10 Theories of Fish Swimming	140
4.11 Energy Cost of Locomotion	143
4.12 Cell Movement	148
References	150

Chapter 5

Blood Flow in Heart, Lung, Arteries, and Veins	155
5.1 Introduction	155
5.2 The Geometry of the Circulation System	156
5.3 The Materials of the Circulation System	158
5.4 Field Equations and Boundary Conditions	159
5.5 Blood Flow in Heart and Through Heart Valves	161
5.6 Coupling of Left Ventricle to Aorta and Right Ventricle to Pulmonary Artery	162
5.7 Pulsatile Flow in Arteries	165
5.8 Progressive Waves Superposed on a Steady Flow	167
5.9 Reflection and Transmission of Waves at Junctions	168
5.10 Velocity Profile of a Steady Flow in a Tube	170
5.11 Steady Laminar Flow in an Elastic Tube	172
5.12 Velocity Profile of Pulsatile Flow	176
5.13 The Reynolds Number, Stokes Number, and Womersley Number	179
5.14 Equation of Balance of Energy and Work	181

5.15 Systemic Blood Pressure	183
5.16 The Veins and Their Collapsibility	185
5.17 Flow in Collapsible Tubes	190
5.18 Pulse Wave as Message Carrier for Noninvasive Diagnosis	192
References	194

Chapter 6

Micro- and Macrocirculation	196
6.1 Introduction	196
6.2 Anatomy of Microvascular Beds	197
6.3 Major Features of Microcirculation	199
6.4 The Rheological Properties of Blood	202
6.5 General Equations Describing Flow in Microvessels	203
6.6 An Example of Analysis: Pulmonary Blood Flow	203
6.7 Pulmonary Capillary Blood Flow	211
6.8 Waterfall Phenomenon in Zone 2	215
6.9 Open and Closed Capillary Sheets in Zone 2	216
6.10 Synthesis of Micro- and Macrocirculation in the Lung	220
6.11 Validation of the Flow Model	221
References	224

Chapter 7

Respiratory Gas Flow	226
7.1 Introduction	226
7.2 Gas Flow in the Airway	229
7.3 Interaction Between Convection and Diffusion	237
7.4 Exchange Between Alveolar Gas and Erythrocytes	244
7.5 Ventilation—Perfusion Ratio	249
7.6 Pulmonary Function Tests	253
7.7 Dynamics of the Ventilation System	258
7.8 High-Frequency Low-Tidal-Volume Ventilation	265
References	272

Chapter 8

Basic Transport Equations According to Thermodynamics, Molecular Diffusion, Mechanisms in Membranes, and Multiphasic Structure	275
8.1 Introduction	275
8.2 The Laws of Thermodynamics	277
8.3 The Gibbs and Gibbs–Duhem Equations	280
8.4 Chemical Potential	281
8.5 Entropy in a System with Heat and Mass Transfer	283
8.6 Diffusion, Filtration, and Fluid Movement in the Interstitial Space from the Point of View of Thermodynamics	287
8.7 Diffusion from the Molecular Point of View	292
8.8 Transport Across Cell Membranes	294
8.9 Solid Immobile Matrix	300
References	306

Chapter 9

Mass Transport in Capillaries, Tissues, Interstitial Space, Lymphatics, Indicator Dilution Method, and Peristalsis	309
9.1 Introduction	309
9.2 Fluid Movement Across Capillary Blood Vessel Wall	309
9.3 Experimental Determination of the Permeability Characteristics of Capillary Blood Vessel Wall	313
9.4 The Krogh Cylinder as a Model of Oxygen Diffusion from Capillary Blood Vessel to Tissue	316
9.5 Fluid Movement in the Interstitial Space	320
9.6 Measurement of Interstitial Pressure	323
9.7 Pressure in an Incompressible Material	325
9.8 Lymph Flow	330
9.9 Measurement of Extravascular Space by Indicator Dilution Method	333
9.10 Tracer Motion in a Model of Pulmonary Microcirculation	337
9.11 Peristalsis	342
References	348

Chapter 10

Description of Internal Deformation and Forces	353
10.1 Introduction	353
10.2 Description of Internal Deformation	354
10.3 Use of Curvilinear Coordinates	360
10.4 Description of Internal Forces	361
10.5 Equation of Motion in Lagrangian Description	369
10.6 Work and Strain Energy	371
10.7 Calculation of Stresses from the Strain Energy Function	374
10.8 Complementary Energy Function	376
10.9 Rotation and Strain	377
References	381

Chapter 11

Stress, Strain, and Stability of Organs	382
11.1 Introduction	382
11.2 The Zero-Stress State	384
11.3 Stress and Strain in Blood Vessels	388
11.4 Stress and Strain in the Heart	394
11.5 The Musculoskeletal System	400
11.6 The Lung	400
11.7 Surface Tension at the Interface of the Alveolar Gas and Inter-alveolar Septa	418
11.8 Small Perturbations Superposed on Large Deformation	425
11.9 Derivation of Constitutive Equation on the Basis of Microstructure: Connection Between Micro and Macro Mechanics	431
11.10 Interdependence of Mechanical Properties of Neighboring Organs	438
11.11 Instability of Structures	439
11.12 Collapsed Structure. Example of Atelectatic Lung	443
References	447

Chapter 12	
Strength, Trauma, and Tolerance	452
12.1 Introduction	452
12.2 Failure Modes of Materials	453
12.3 Injury and Repair of Organs	460
12.4 Shock Loading and Structural Response	460
12.5 Vibration and the Amplification Spectrum of Dynamic Structural Response	463
12.6 Impact and Elastic Waves	468
12.7 Wave Focusing and Stress Concentration	473
12.8 Trauma of the Lung Due to Impact Load	475
12.9 Cause of Pulmonary Edema in Trauma	478
12.10 Tolerance of Organs to Impact Loads	482
12.11 Biomechanical Modeling	490
12.12 Engineering for Trauma Prevention	491
References	493
Chapter 13	
Biomechanical Aspects of Growth and Tissue Engineering	499
13.1 Introduction	499
13.2 Wolff's Law and Roux's Functional Adaptation Concept	500
13.3 Healing of Bone Fracture	503
13.4 Mathematical Formulations of Wolff's Law	508
13.5 Remodeling of Soft Tissues in Response to Stress Changes	511
13.6 Stress Field Created by Fibroblast Cells and Collagen Synthesis	521
13.7 Growth Factors	524
13.8 Significance of Zero-Stress State: Changes Reveal Nonuniform Remodeling	527
13.9 A Hypothesis on Growth	529
13.10 Engineering of Blood Vessels	533
13.11 Tissue Engineering of Skin	534
References	539
Author Index	547
Subject Index	559