## Contents

Int	troduc	tion		X	
Acknowledgements Notes on the contributors					
I.I	Introd	uction Mirko Tavoni	I		
1.2	Weste	Western Europe Mirko Tavoni			
			Latin grammar	2	
			The emancipation of the vernacular		
			languages	14	
		1.2.3	The orthography of the vernacular languages	18	
		1.2.4	The grammar of the vernacular languages	29	
		1.2.5	Diachronic and comparative linguistics in		
			the Romance world	44	
		1.2.6	Diachronic and comparative linguistics in		
			the Germanic world	59	
		1.2.7	Appendix: lexicography, translation, New		
			World	66	
		Notes		69	
		Biblio	graphical references	83	
	1.3	Roma	n Slavdom Maria Delfina Gandolfo	108	
		1.3.1	The 'language question' and Western		
			models	108	
		1.3.2	The emergence of the vernacular languages		
			in the Czech, Polish, Slovak and Sorbian		
			areas	IIO	
		1.3.3	The success of the vernacular language in		
			the Slovenian and Croat areas	118	
		Notes		119	
		Biblio	graphical references	120	

V	1	1	1	

## CONTENTS

	1.4	Orthodox Slavdom Silvia Toscano	123	
		1.4.1 The beginnings of linguistic reflection		
		and the treatise 'The eight parts of speech'		
		(tenth to fourteenth century)	123	
		1.4.2 Hesychasm and the birth of 'philology'		
		among the Balkan Slavs	127	
		1.4.3 Grammatical studies in Russia (fifteenth to		
		sixteenth century)	131	
		1.4.4 Printed grammars of Church Slavonic		
		(sixteenth to seventeenth century)	138	
		Notes	141	
		Bibliographical references	145	
	\$1000 A			
2	The	Early Modern Period Raffaele Simone	149	
	2.I	The reawakening of a research interest	149	
	2.2	Fields of evidence, backgrounds, myths and		
		paradigms	151	
		2.2.1 Language and theology	151	
		2.2.2 Language and knowledge	152	
		2.2.3 Language and education	152	
		2.2.4 Human language, animals and machines	153	
		2.2.5 The misuse of language and its reform	153	
		2.2.6 The origin of language	154	
		2.2.7 The unity of language and the diversity of		
		languages	154	
		2.2.8 Language change, usage and society	155	
	2.3	Bacon	156	
	2.4	The description of languages and the		
		accumulation of linguistic data	160	
	2.5	The 'original language' and linguistic research	163	
	2.6	The Port-Royal Grammaire and Logique	165	
	2.7	Projects for 'universal' and 'philosophical'		
		languages	170	
	2.8	Hobbes and Locke	176	
	2.9	Leibniz	183	
	2.10	Accumulation of linguistic data	188	
	2.II	Vico	189	
	2.12	Condillac	194	
	2.13	The 'genius' and the specificity of languages.		
		The dispute on word order	197	
	2.14	Animals, machines and language	203	
	2.15	Origin, formation and function of language	205	
	2.16	The Encyclopédie and linguistic thought	210	

CONTENTS	1X
2.17 The 'discovery' of Sanskrit	212
	214
2.18 Epilogue	215
Notes Bibliographical references	228
Index	237